



Plan

- Introduction
- Overview of the semester
- Administrivia
- Iterated Function Systems (fractals)

Team

- Lecturers
 - Frédo Durand
 - Barb Cutler
- Course secretary
 - Bryt Bradley

Why Computer Graphics?

- Movies
- Games
- CAD-CAM
- Simulation
- Virtual reality
- Visualization
- Medical imaging

What you will learn in 6.837

- Fundamentals of computer graphics algorithms
- Able to implement most applications just shown
- Understand how graphics APIs and the graphics hardware work

What you will NOT learn

- Software packages
 - CAD-CAM
 - Photoshop and other painting tools
- Artistic skills
- Game design
- Graphics API
 - Although you will be exposed to OpenGL

Plan

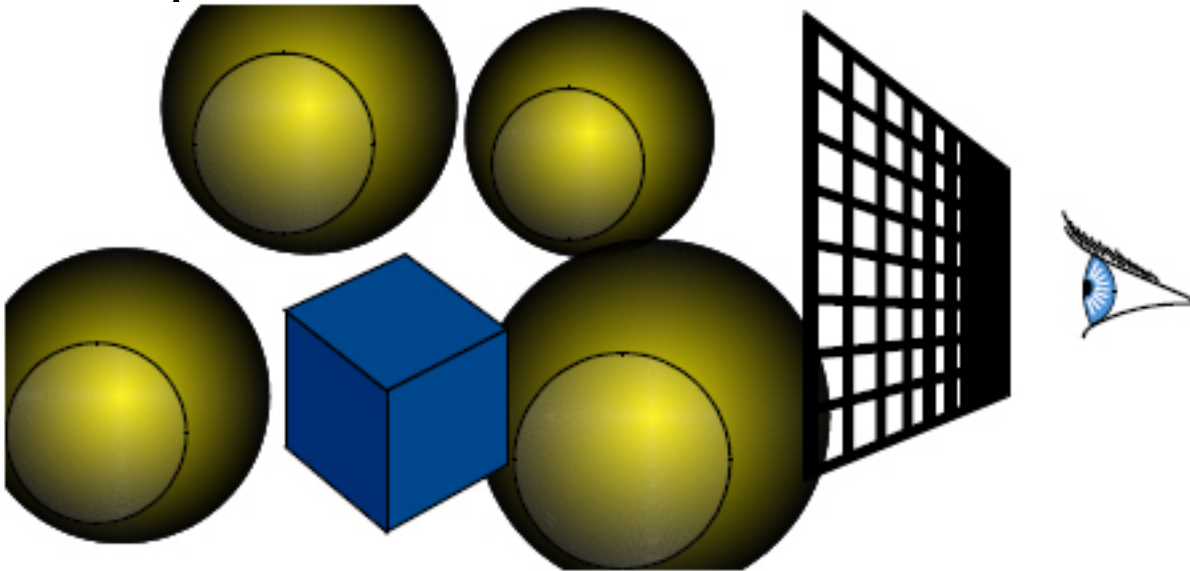
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Overview of the semester

- Ray Tracing
 - Quiz 1
- Animation, modeling, IBMR
 - Choice of final project
- Rendering pipeline
 - Quiz 2
- Advanced topics

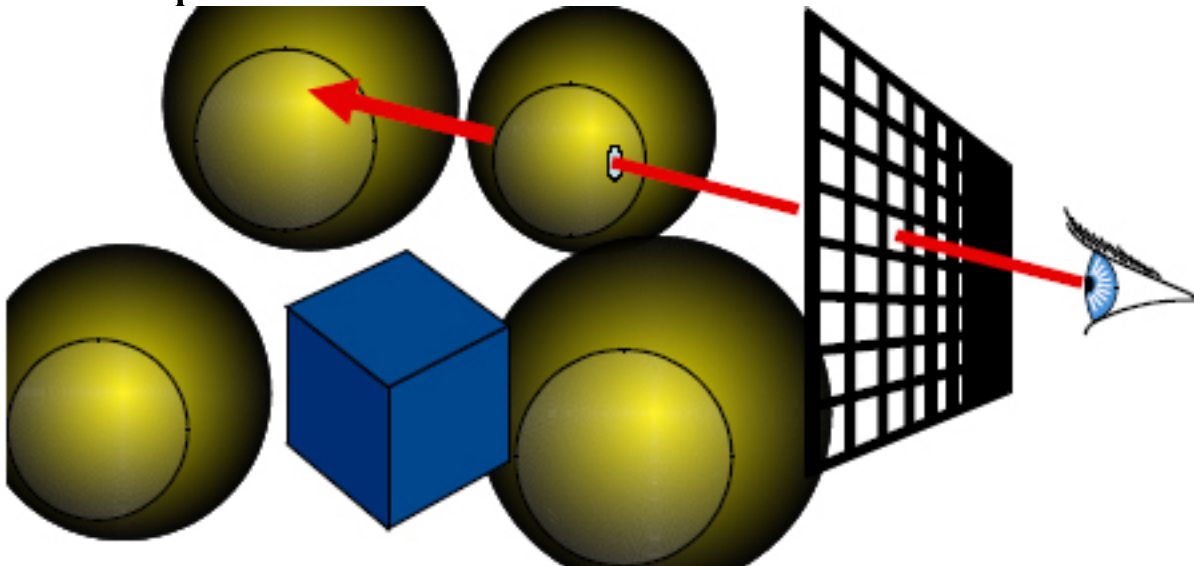
Ray Casting

- For every pixel
construct a ray from the eye
 - For every object in the scene
 - Find intersection with the ray
 - Keep if closest



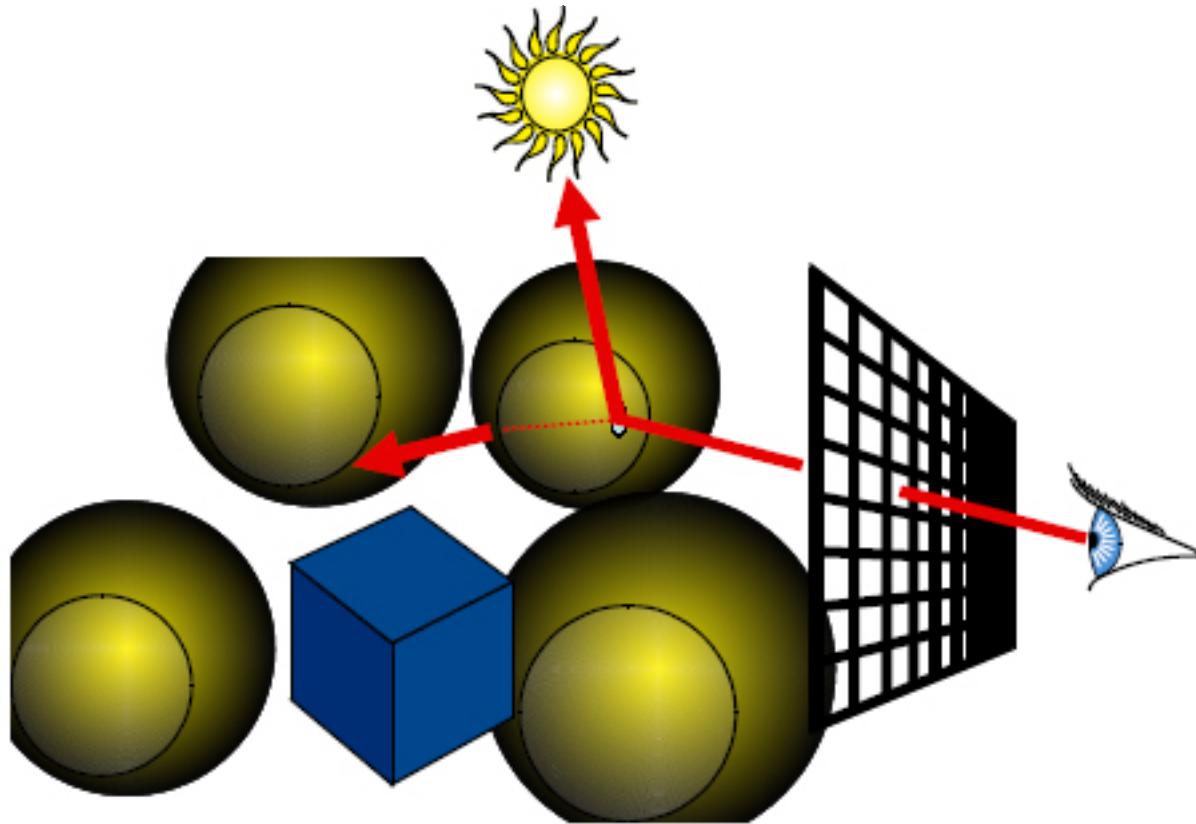
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Ray Tracing

- Shade (interaction of light and material)
- Secondary rays (shadows, reflection, refraction)



Ray Tracing

- Original Ray-traced image by Whitted

Image removed due to copyright considerations.

- Image computed using the Dali ray tracer by Henrik Wann Jensen
- Environment map by Paul Debevec

Image removed due to copyright considerations.

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Animation: Keyframing

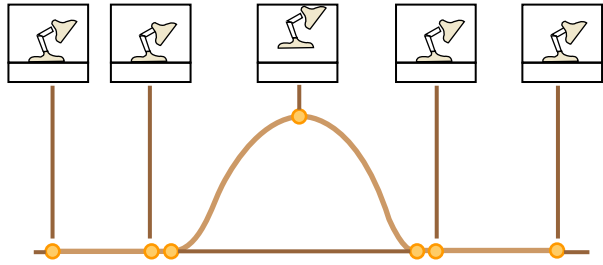


Image adapted from:
Lasseter, John. "Principles of Traditional Animation applied to 3D Computer Animation."
ACM SIGGRAPH Computer Graphics 21, no. 4 (July 1987): 35-44.

Squash & Stretch in Luxo Jr.'s Hop

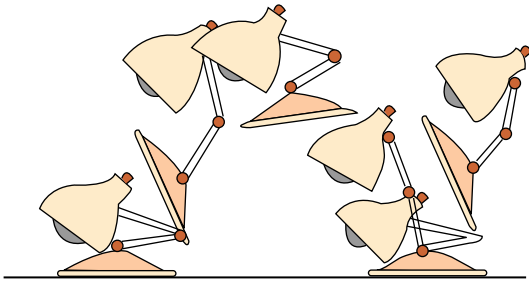
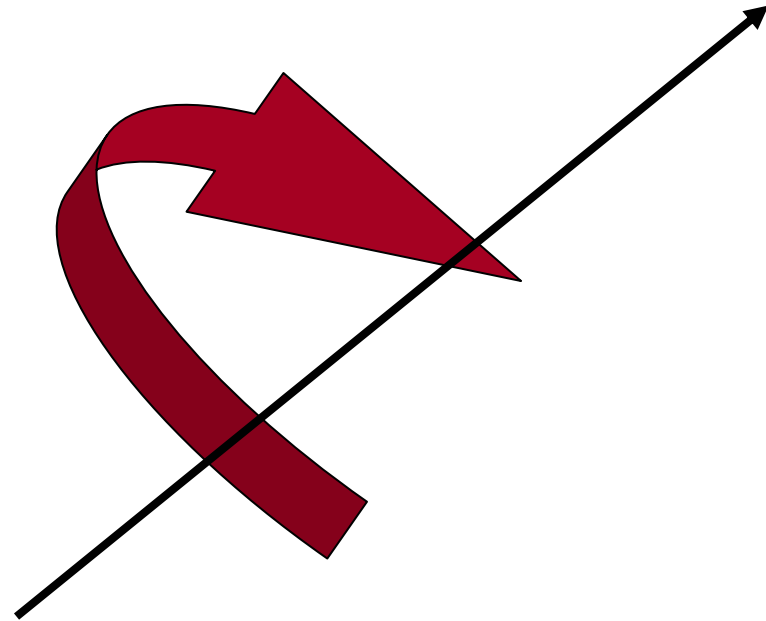


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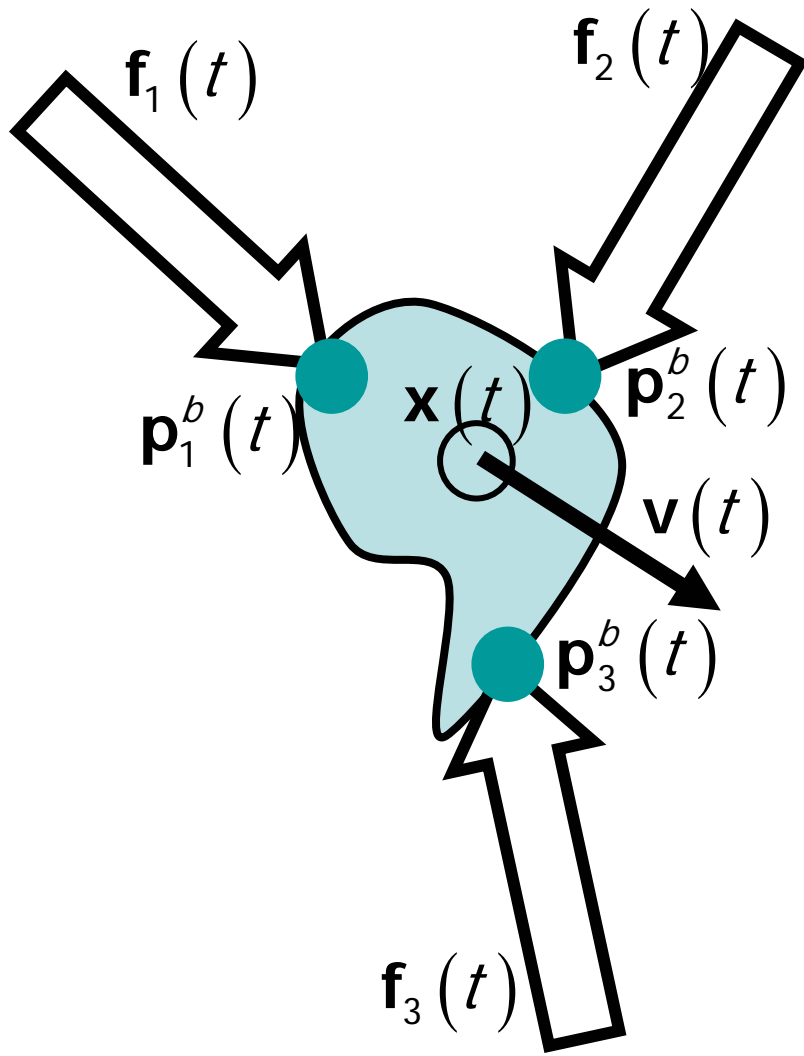
Particle system (PDE)

- Animation
 - Keyframing and interpolation
 - Simulation

Images removed due to copyright considerations.

Rigid body dynamics

- Simulate all external forces and torques



Modeling

- Curved surfaces
- Subdivision surfaces

Images removed due to copyright considerations.

Image-based Rendering

- Use images as inputs and representation
- E.g. Image-based modeling and photo editing
Boh, Chen, Dorsey and Durand 2001



Input image



New viewpoint



Relighting

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The Rendering Pipeline

Ray Casting

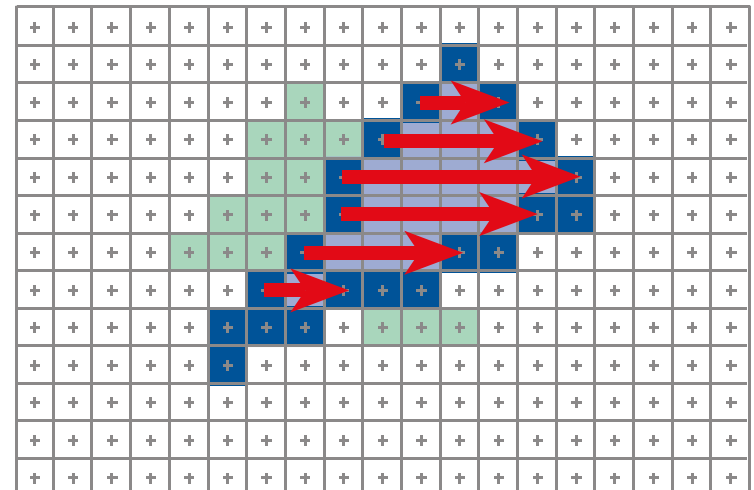
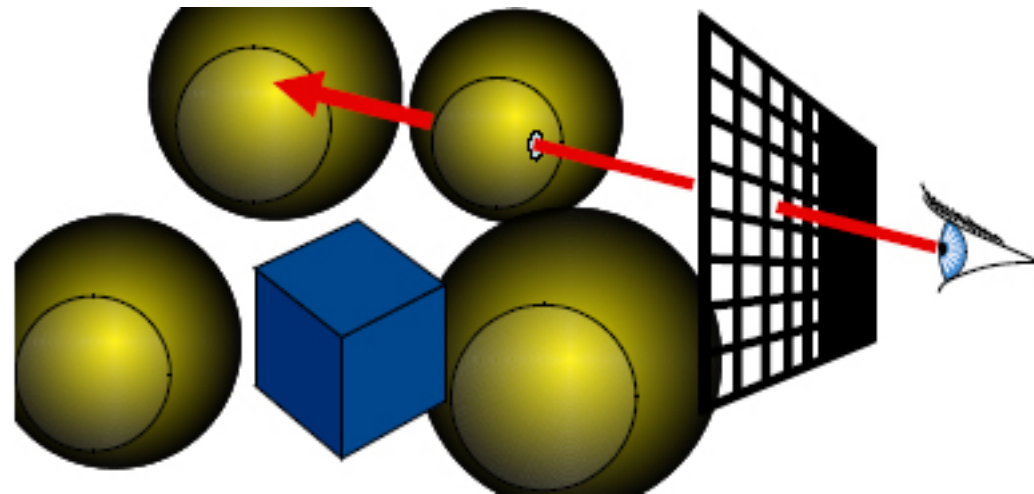
- For each pixel
 - For each object

Send pixels to the scene

Rendering Pipeline

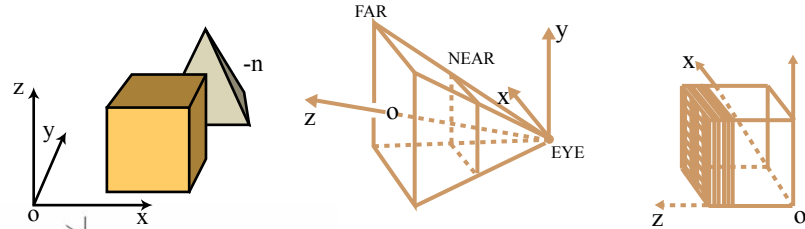
- For each triangle
 - For each projected pixel

Project scene to the pixels

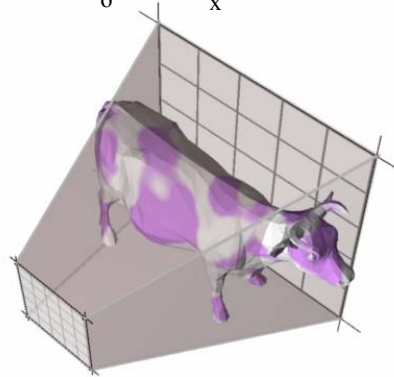


The Rendering Pipeline

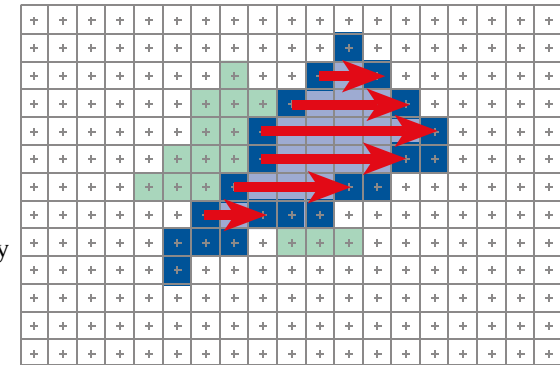
- Transformations



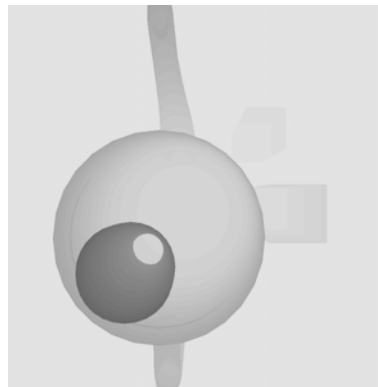
- Clipping



- Rasterization



- Visibility



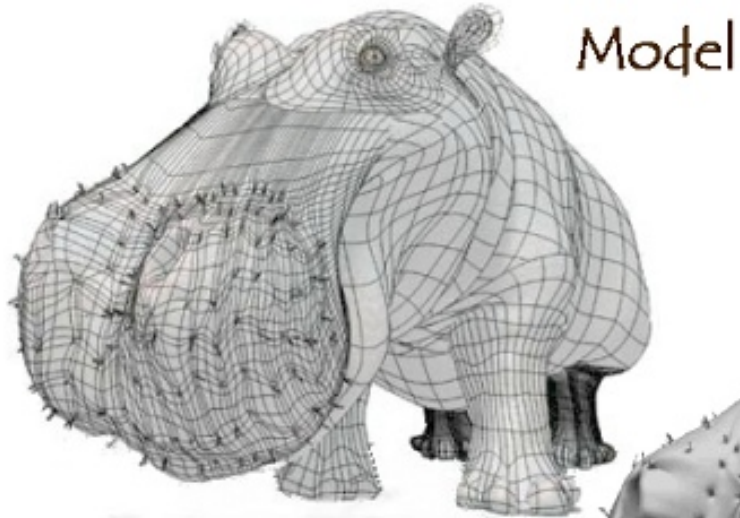
Overview

Courtesy of Leonard McMillan, Computer Science at the University of North Carolina in Chapel Hill. Used with permission

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Textures and shading



Model + Shading



At what point
do things start
looking real?

- For more info on the computer artwork of Jeremy Birn see <http://www.3drender.com/jbirn/productions.html>

Courtesy of Jeremy Birn. Used with permission.



shadows

Image removed due to copyright considerations.

Image removed due to copyright considerations.

Traditional Ray Tracing

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Ray Tracing+soft shadows

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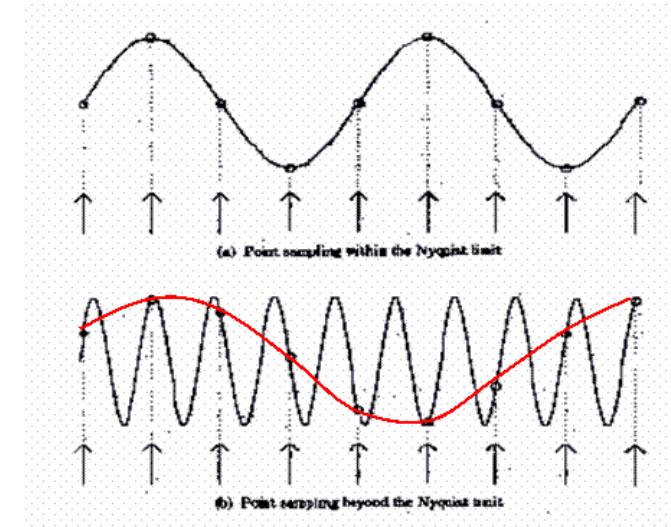
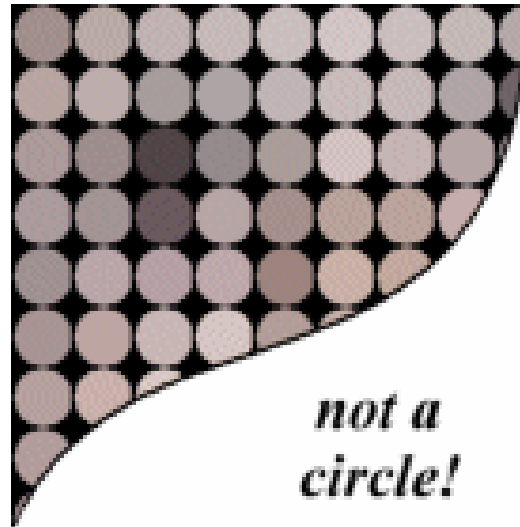
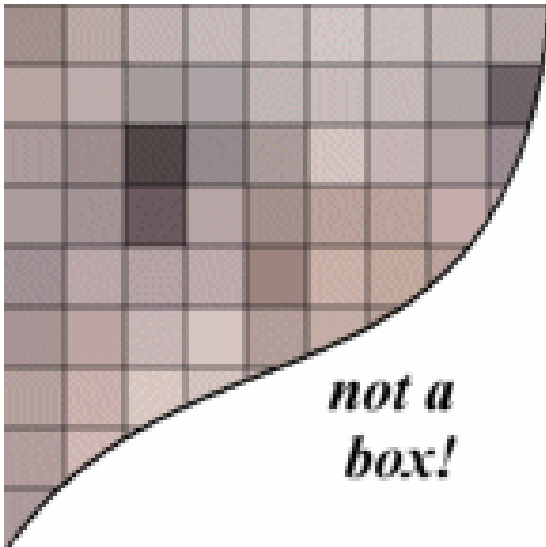
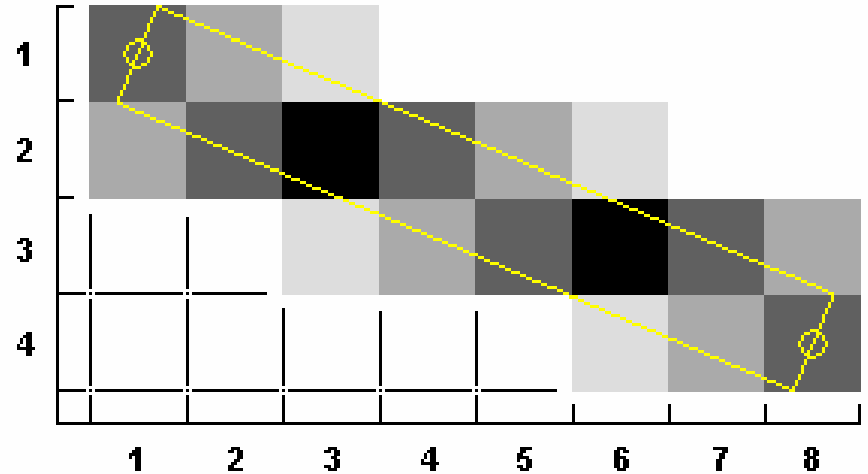
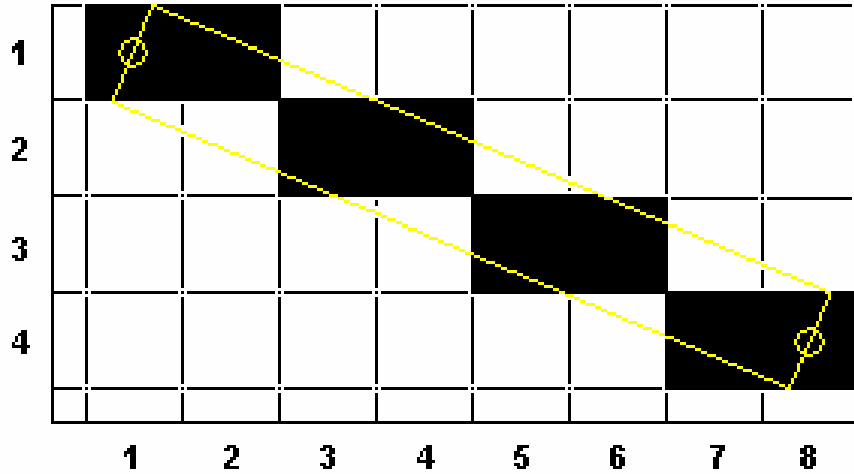
Ray Tracing+caustics

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Global Illumination

Image removed due to copyright considerations.

Antialiasing



Questions?

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Administrivia

- Web:
<http://graphics.csail.mit.edu/classes/6.837/F03/>
- Lectures
 - Slides will be online
- Office hours
 - Posted on the web
- Review sessions
 - C++, linear algebra

Prerequisites

- Not enforced
- 18.06 Linear Algebra
 - Simple linear algebra, vectors, matrices, basis, solving systems of equations, inversion
- 6.046J Algorithms
 - Orders of growth, bounds, sorting, trees
- C++
 - All assignments are in C++
 - Review/introductory session Monday

Grading policy

- Assignments: 40%
 - Must be completed individually
 - No late policy. Stamped by stellar.
- 2 Quizzes: 20%
 - 1 hour in class
- Final project: 40%
 - Groups of 3, single grade for the group
 - Initial proposal: 3-5 pages
 - Steady weekly progress
 - Final report & presentation
 - Overall technical merit

Assignments

- Turn in code AND executable
- We will watch code style
- Platform
 - Windows
 - Linux
- Collaboration policy:
 - You can chat, but code on your own
- No late policy

Project

- Groups of 3
- Brainstorming
 - Middle of the semester
- Proposal
- Weekly meeting with TAs
- Report & presentation

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IFS: self-similar fractals

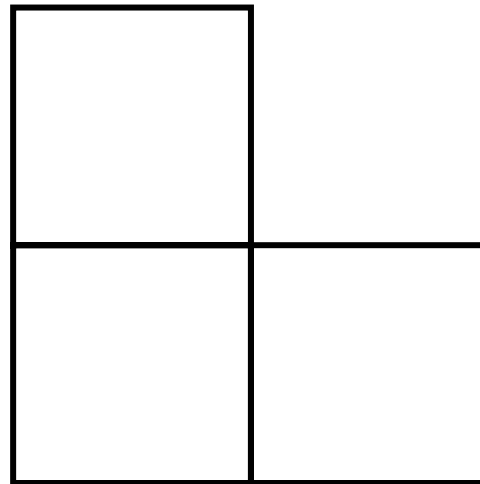
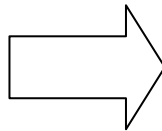
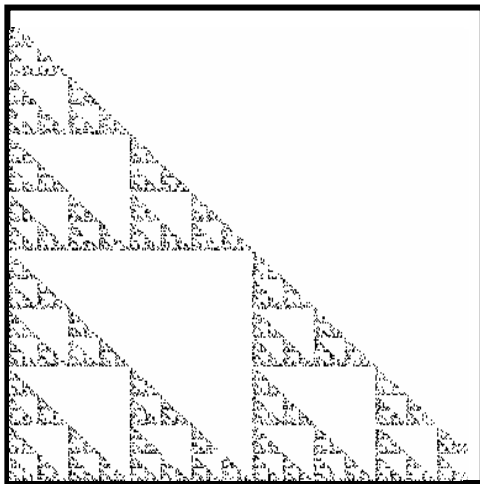
- Described by a set of n transformations f_i
 - Capture the self-similarity
 - Affine transformations
 - Contractions (reduce distances)
- An attractor is a fixed point

$$A = \bigcup f_i(A)$$

Image removed due to copyright considerations.

Example: Sierpinsky triangle

- 3 transforms
- Translation and scale by 0.5



Overview

Rendering

For a number of random input points (x_0, y_0)

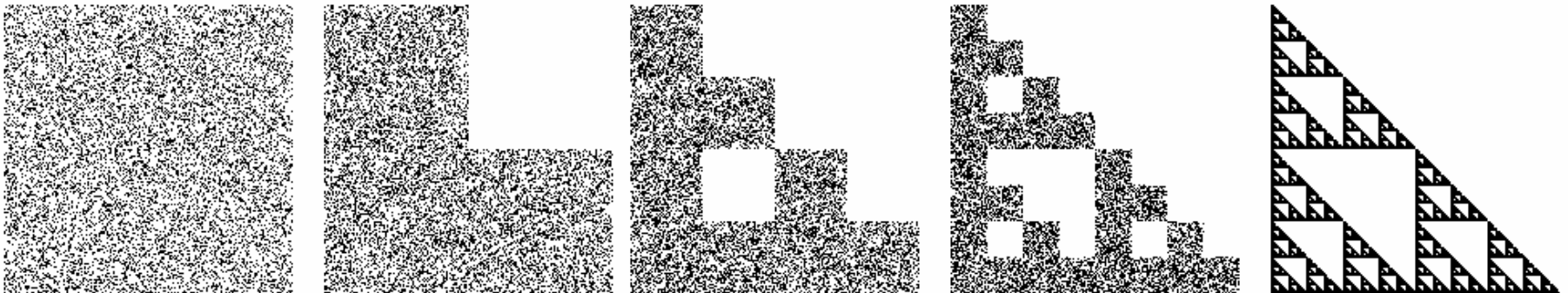
For $j=0$ to big number

Pick transformation i

$$(x_{k+1}, y_{k+1}) = f_i(x_k, y_k)$$

Display (x_k, y_k)

- Probabilistic application of one transformation



Example: Sierpinsky triangle

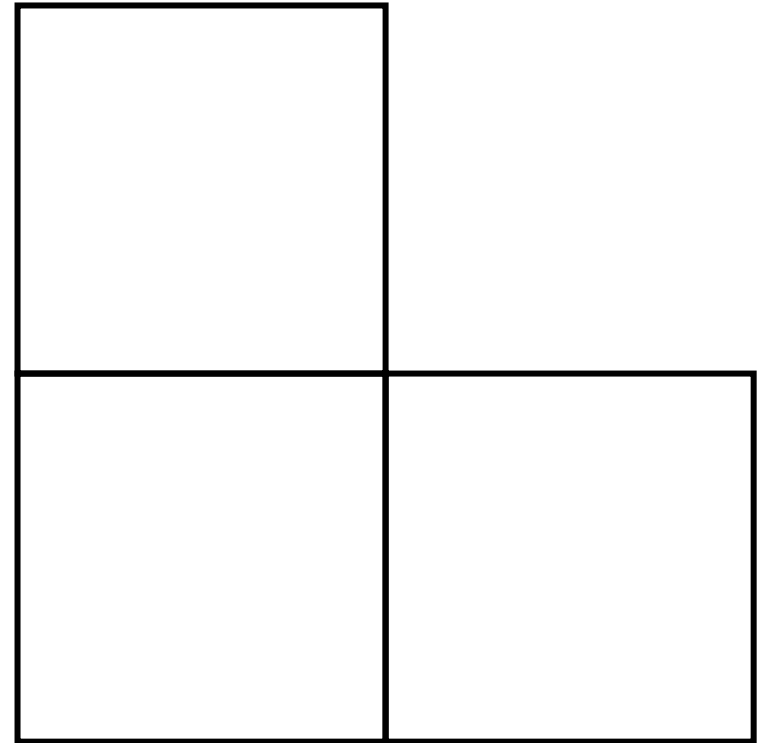
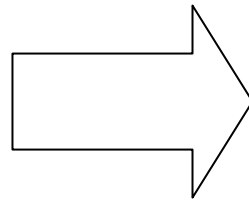
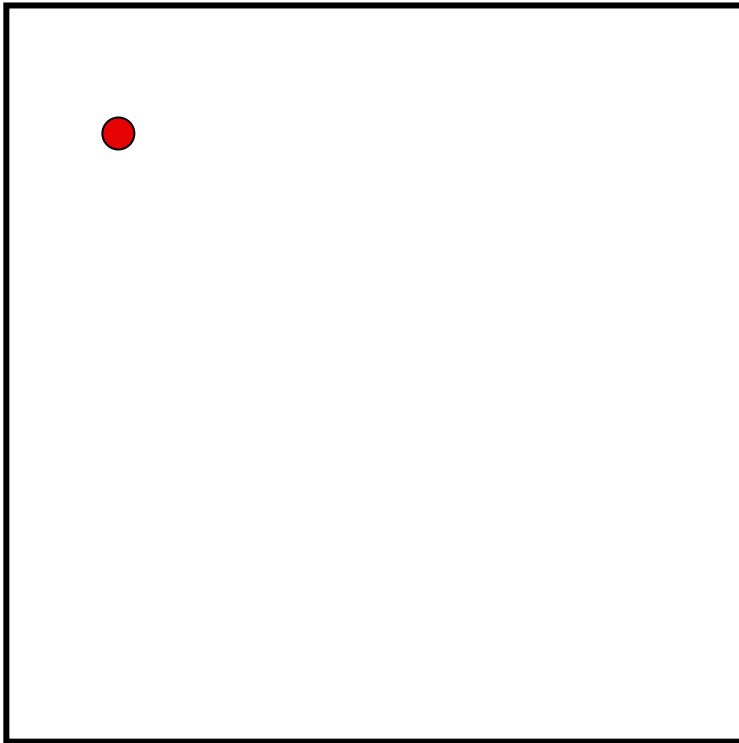
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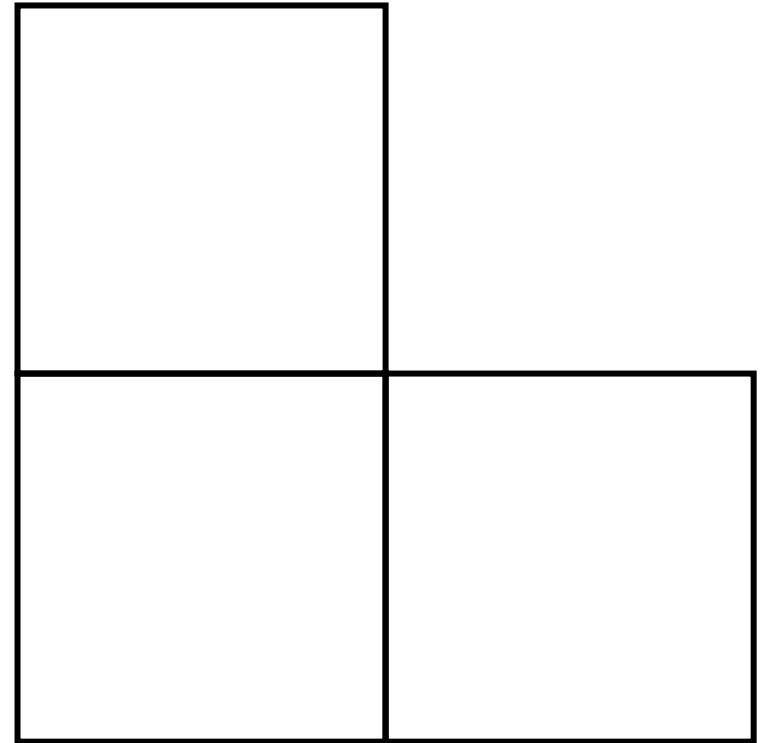
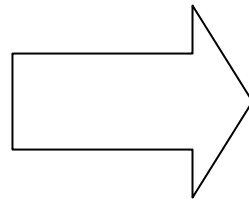
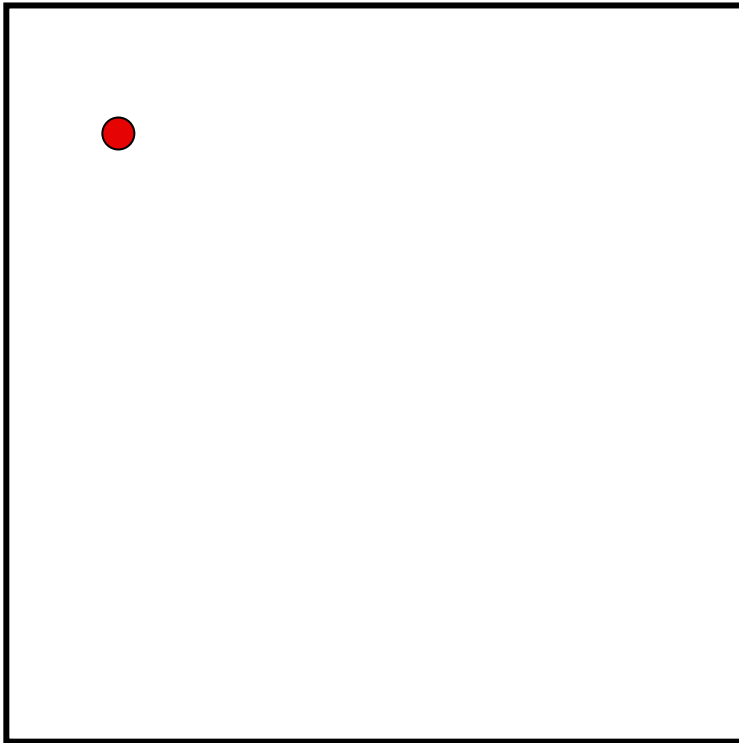
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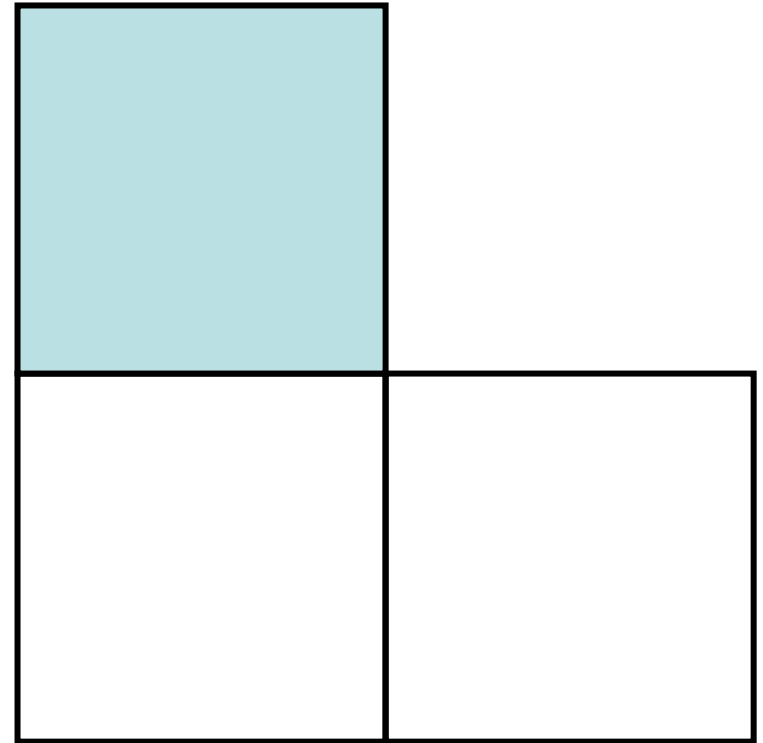
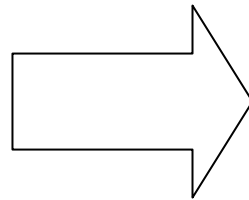
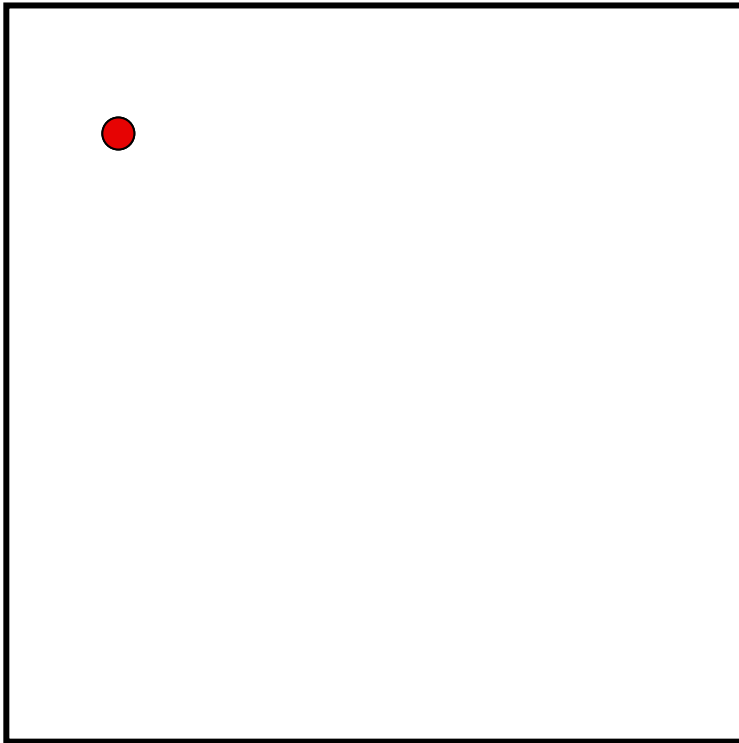
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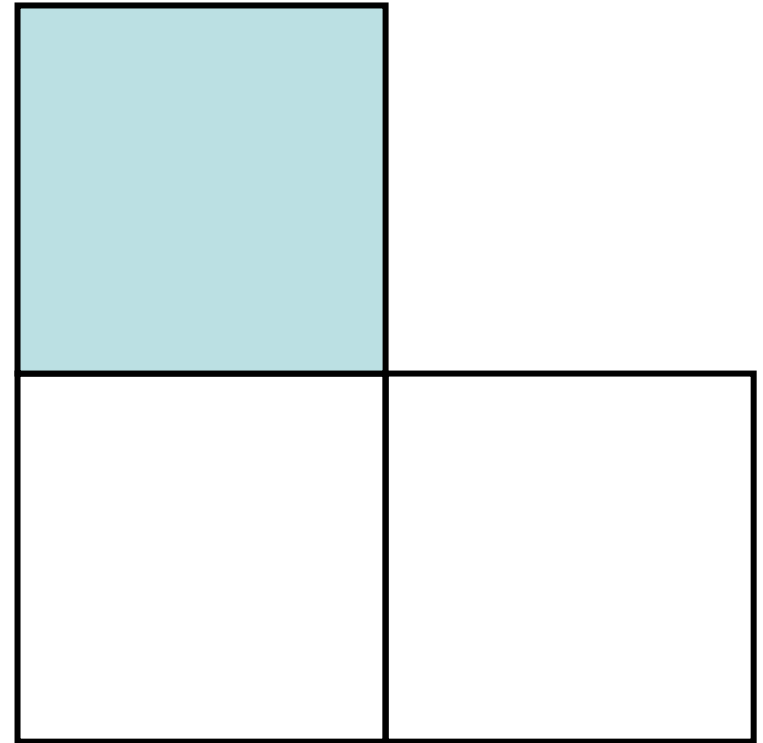
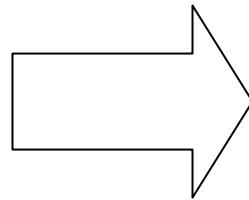
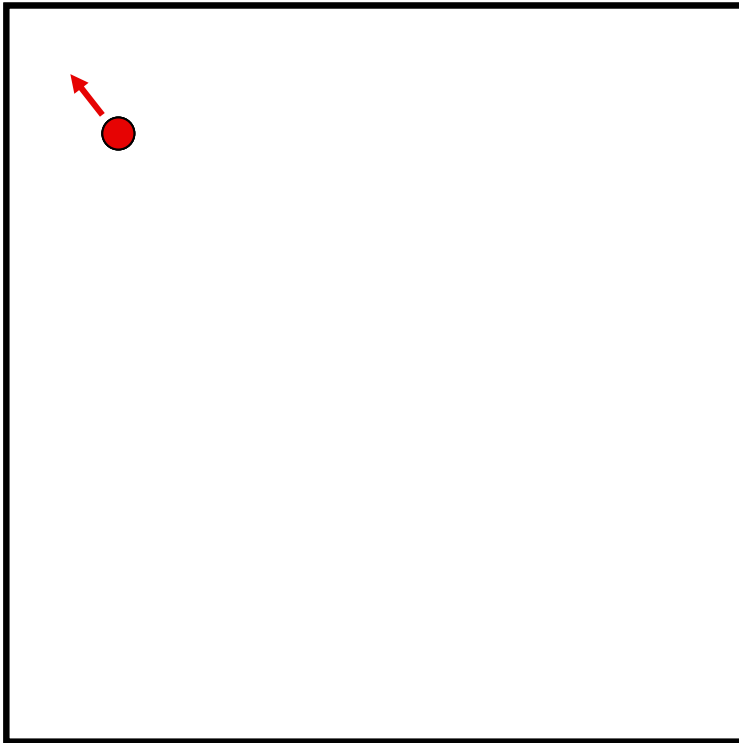
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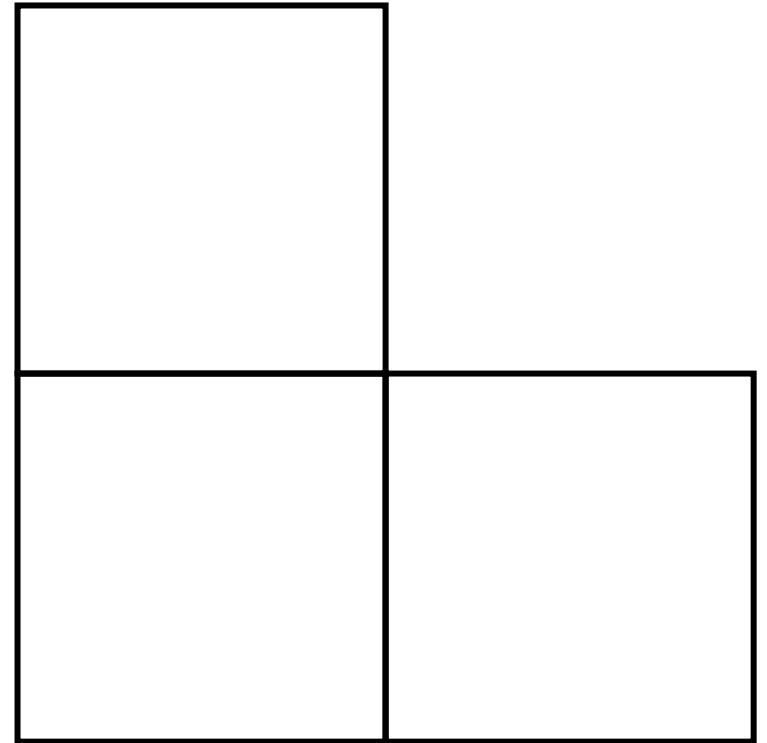
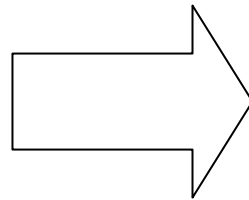
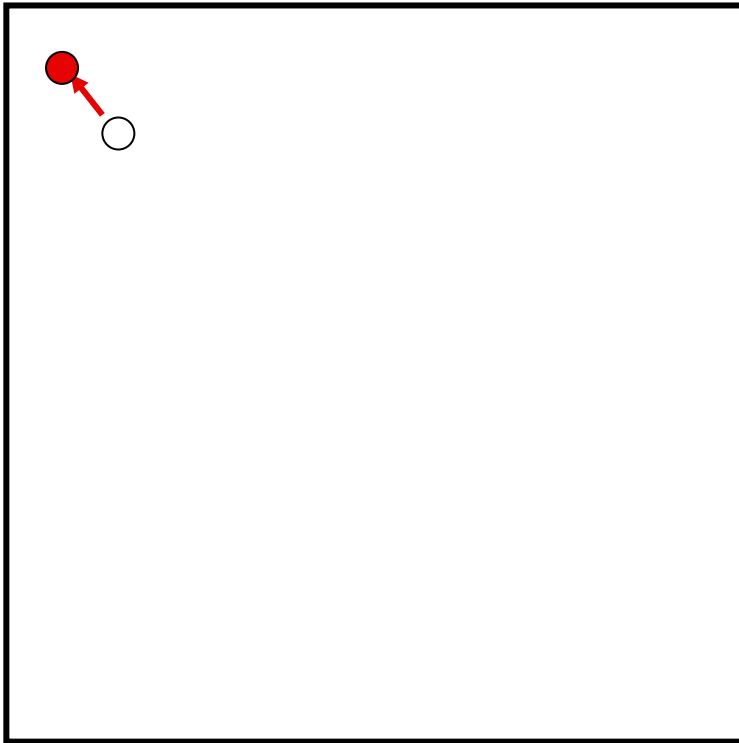
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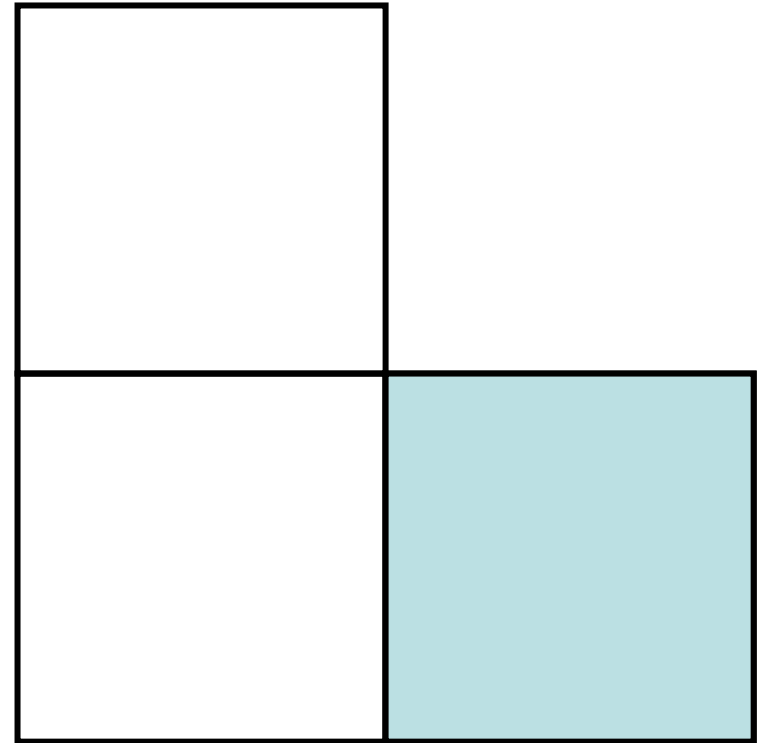
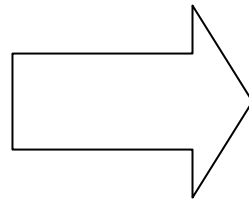
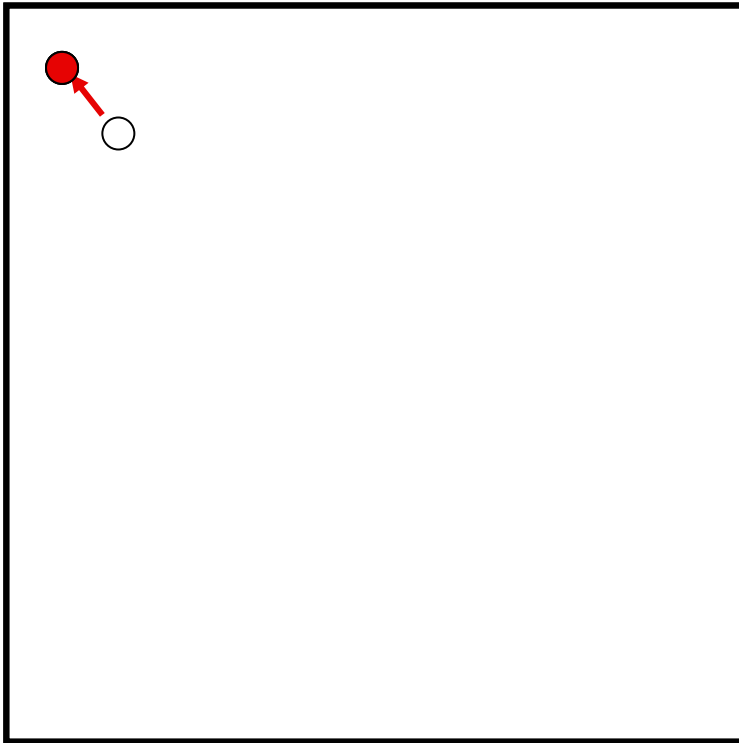
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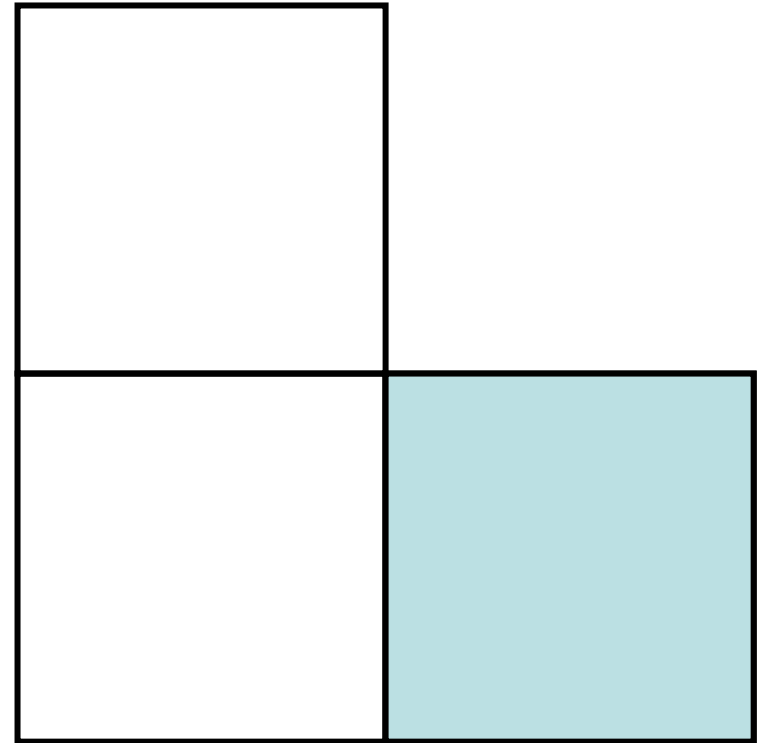
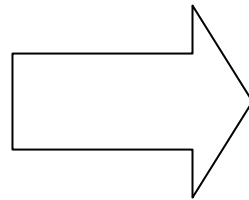
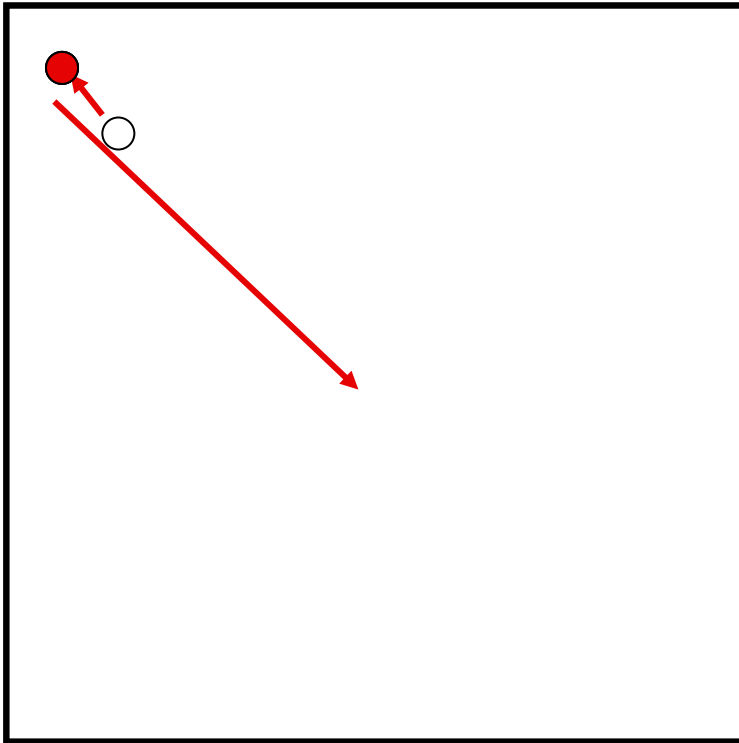
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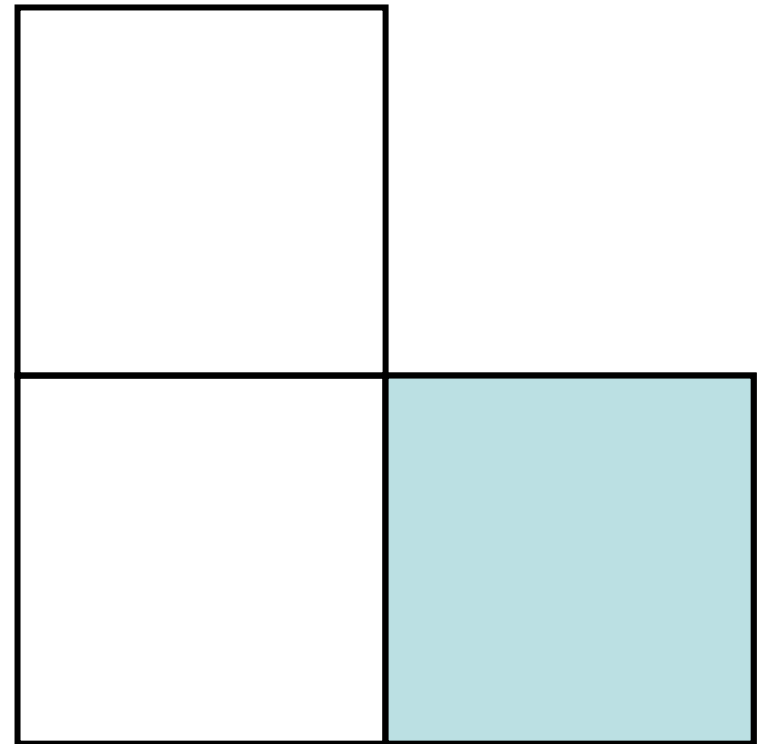
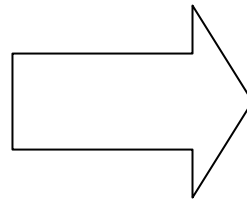
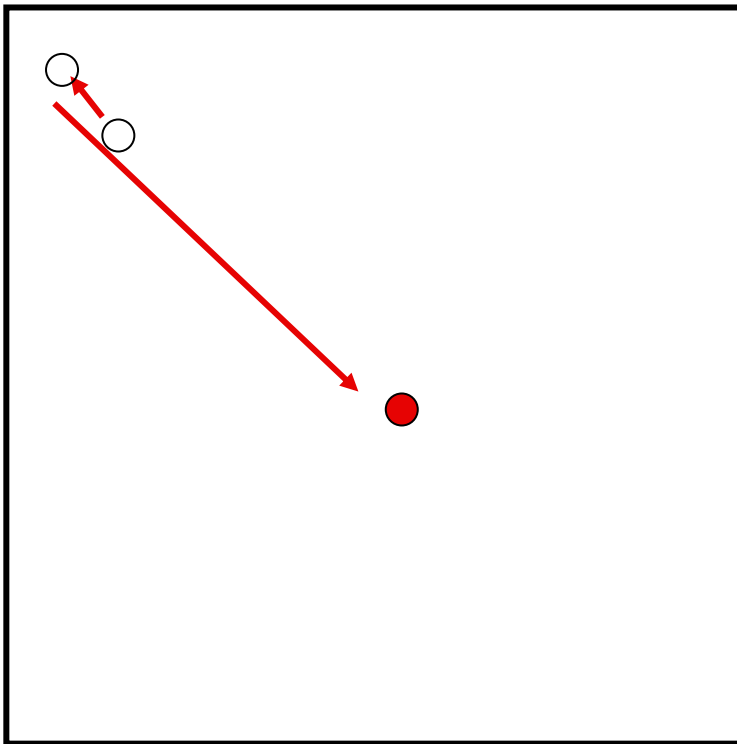
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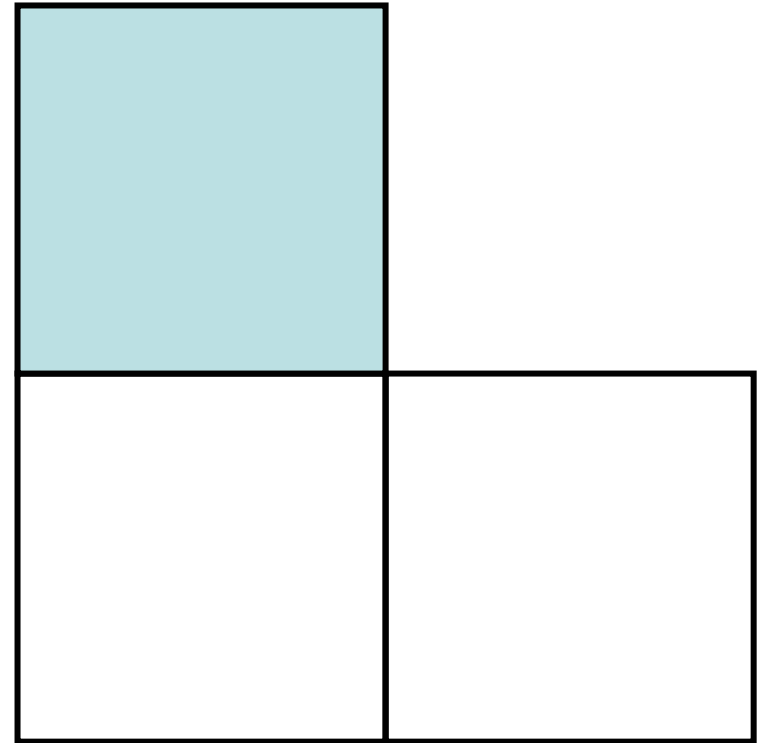
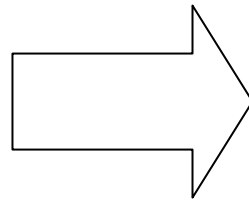
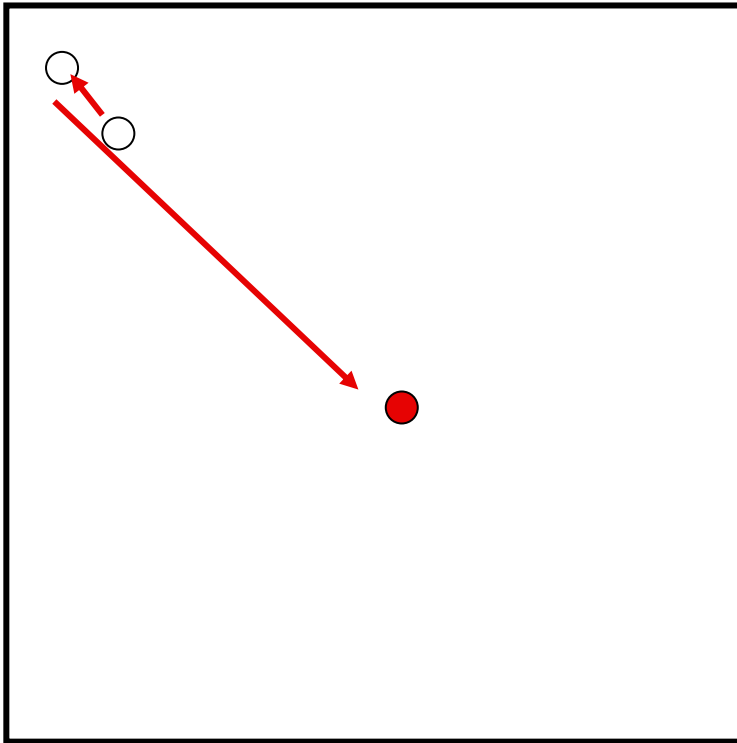
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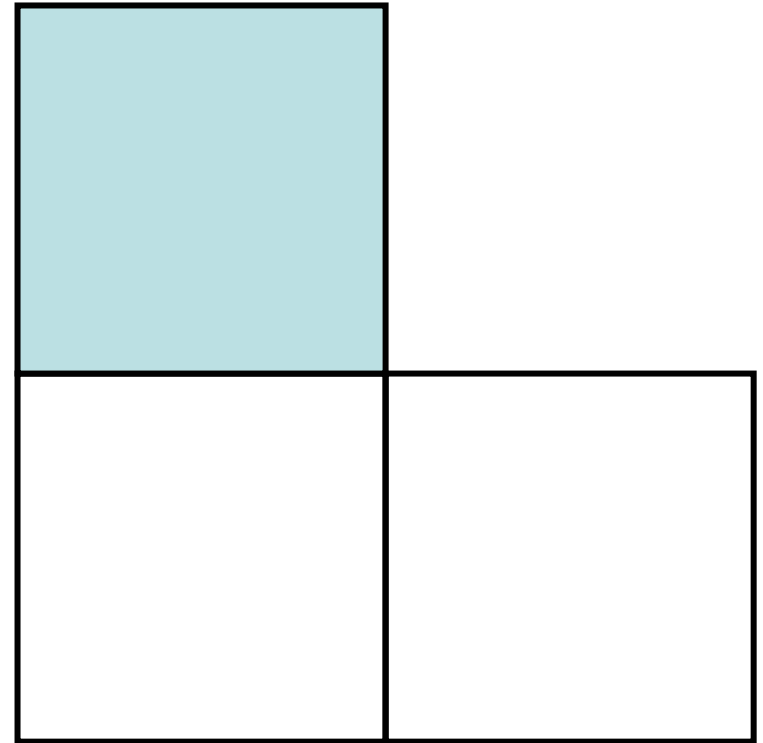
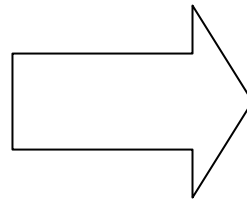
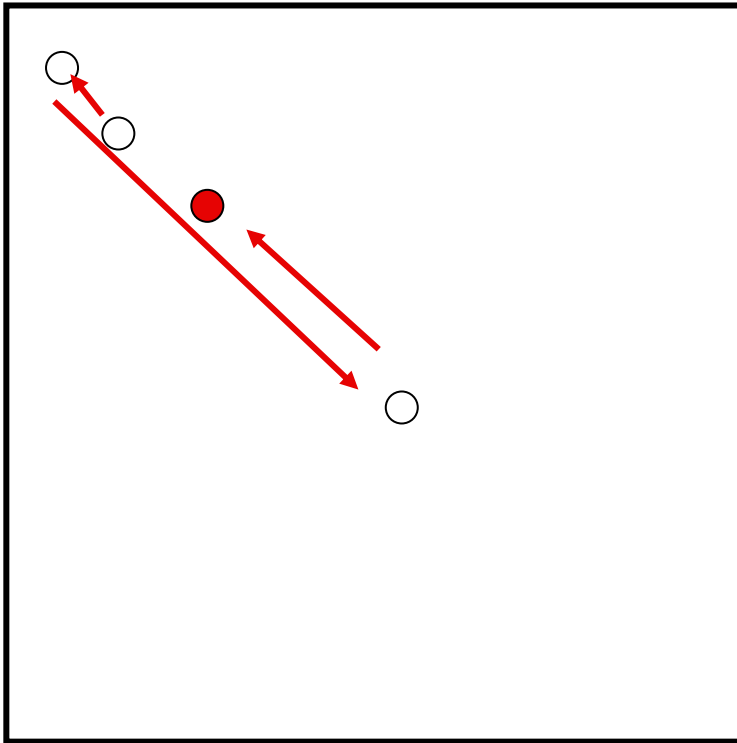
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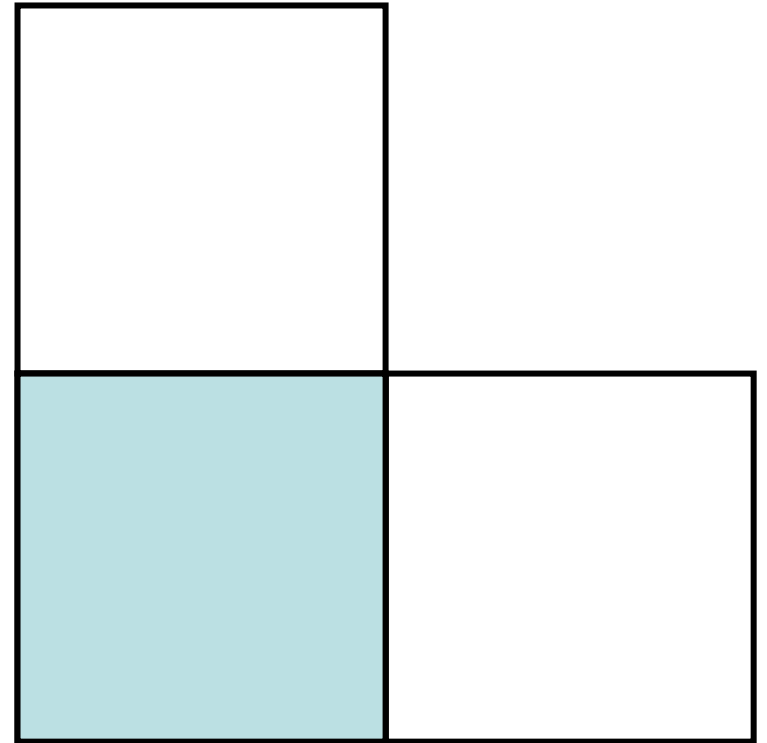
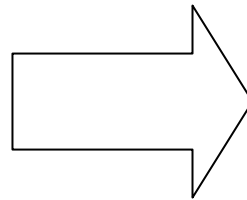
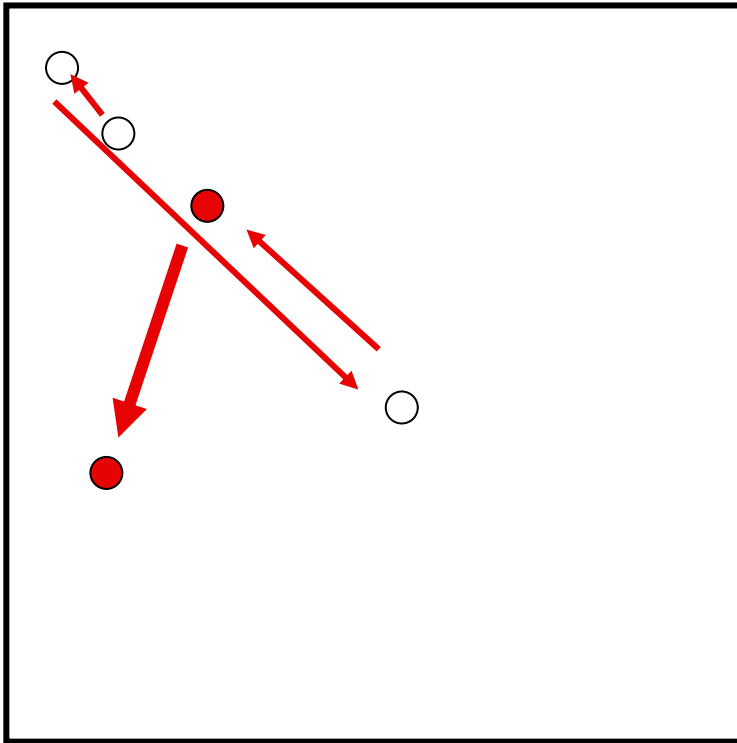
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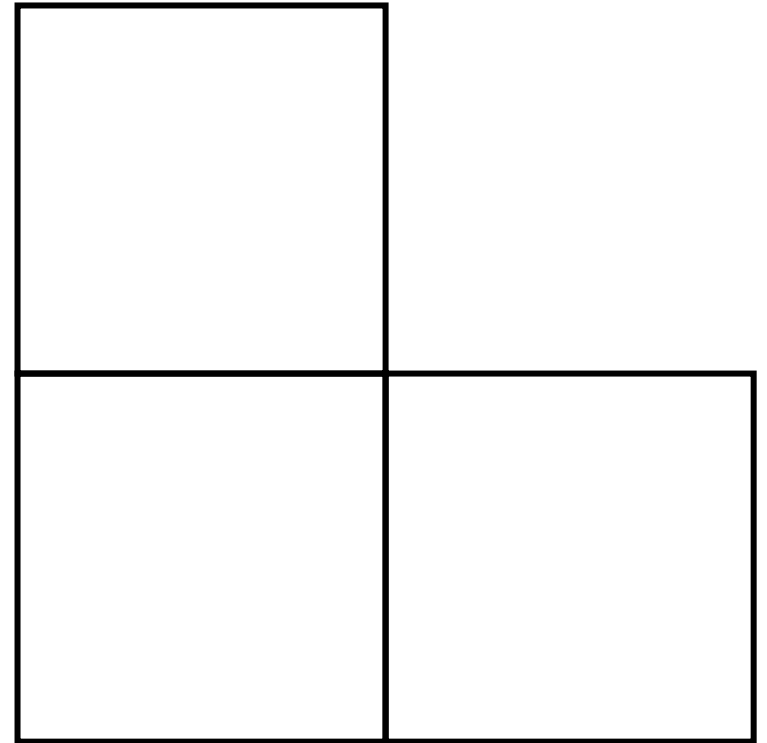
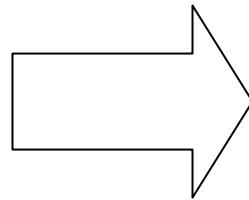
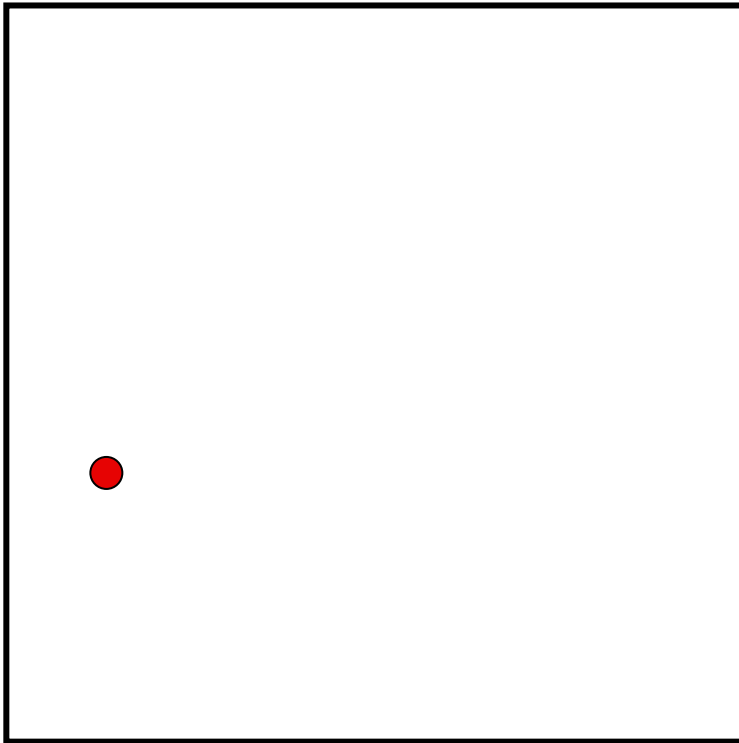
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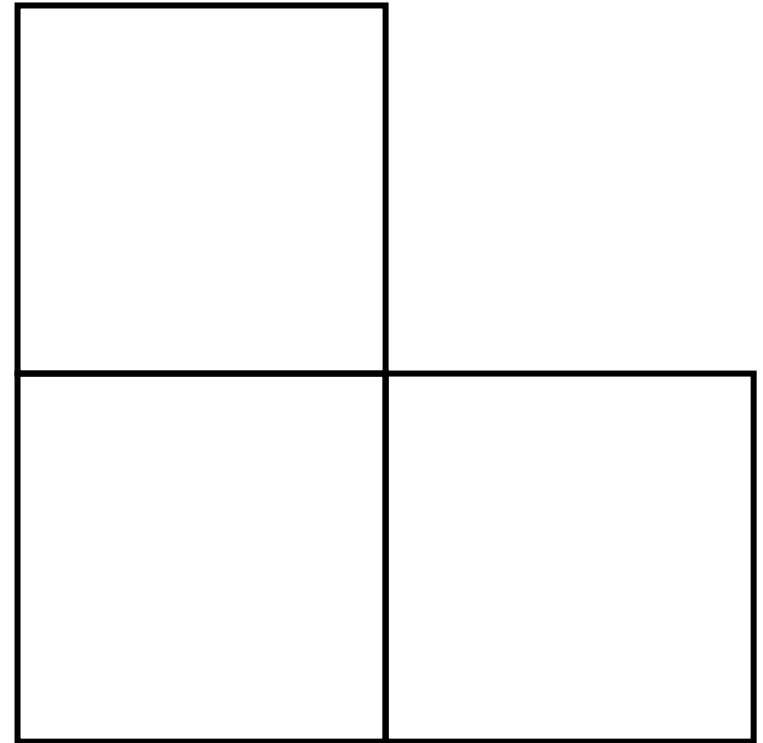
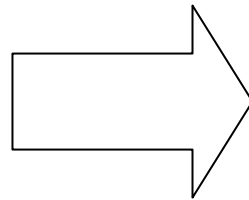
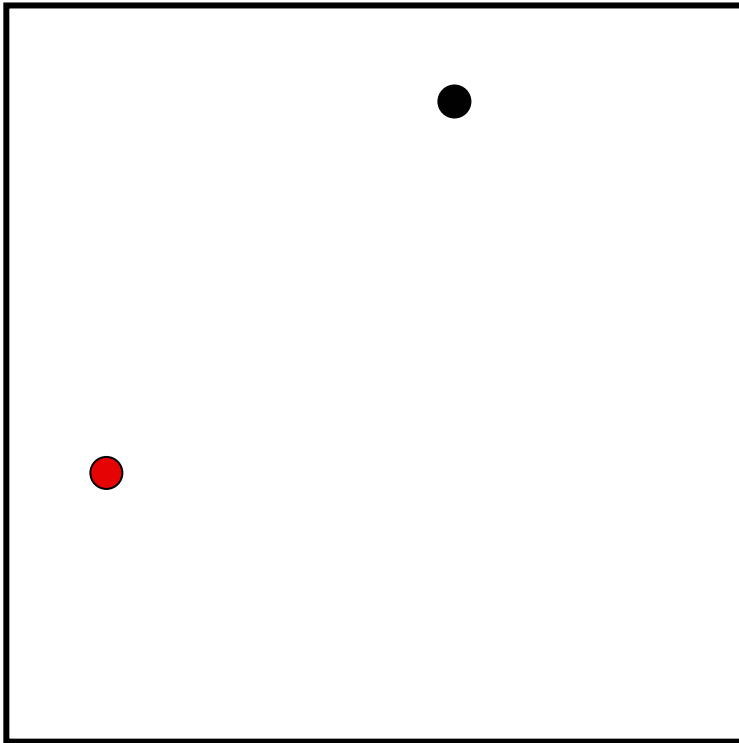
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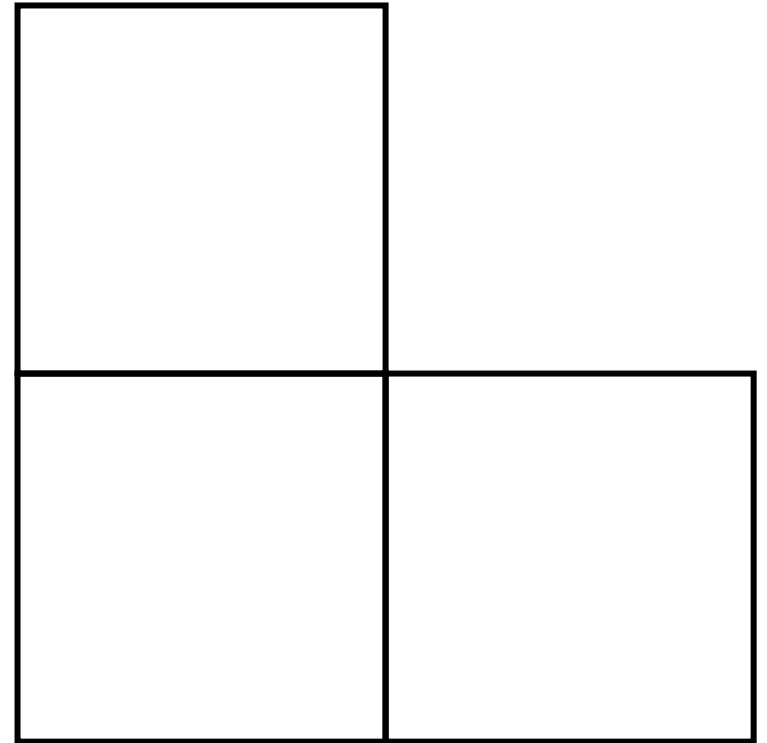
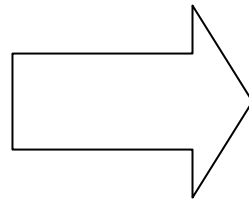
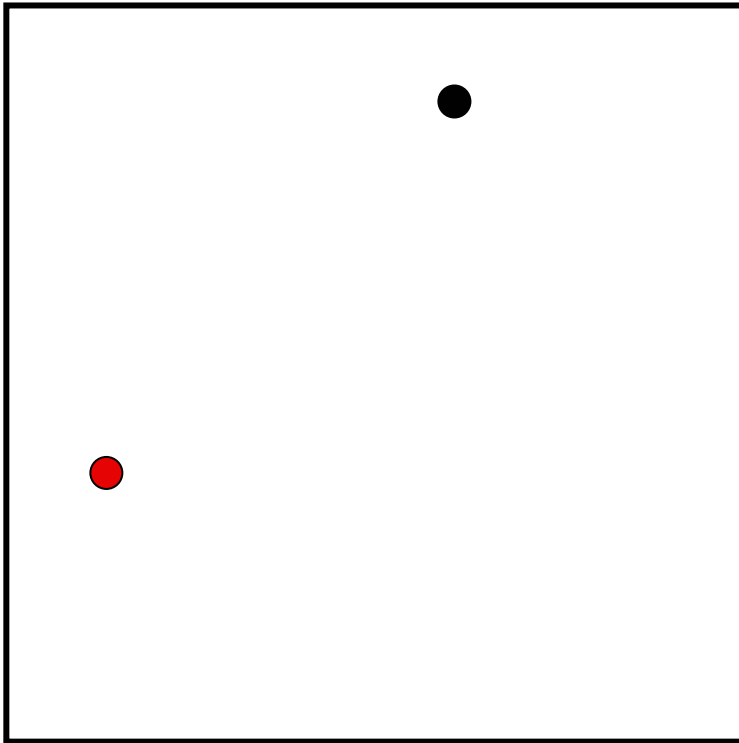
For a number of random input points (x_0, y_0)

```
For j=0 to big number
```

```
  Pick transformation i
```

$$(x_{k+1}, y_{k+1}) = f_i (x_k, y_k)$$

```
  Display  $(x_k, y_k)$ 
```



Example: Sierpinsky triangle

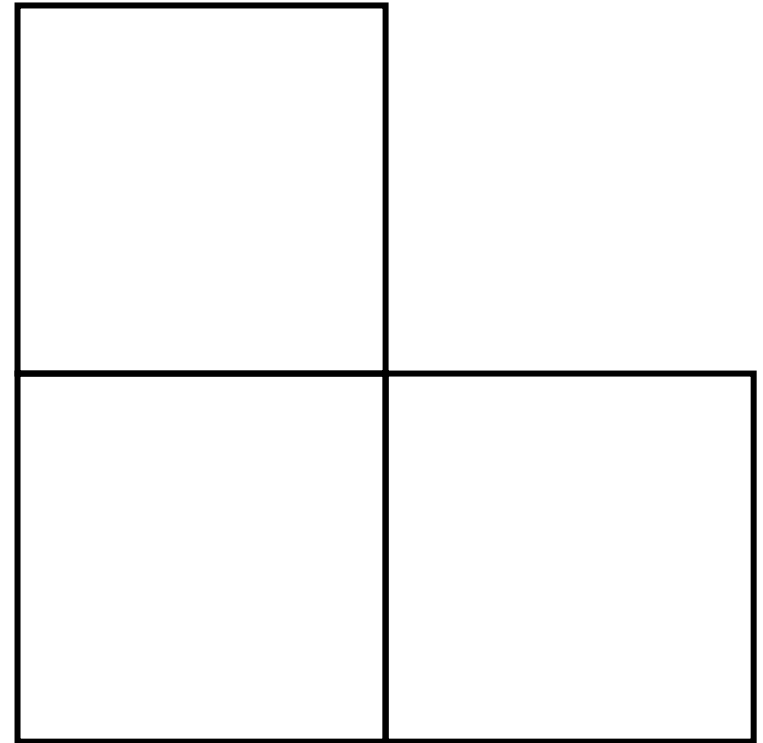
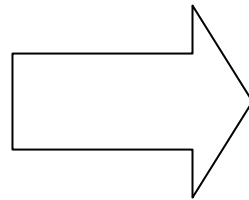
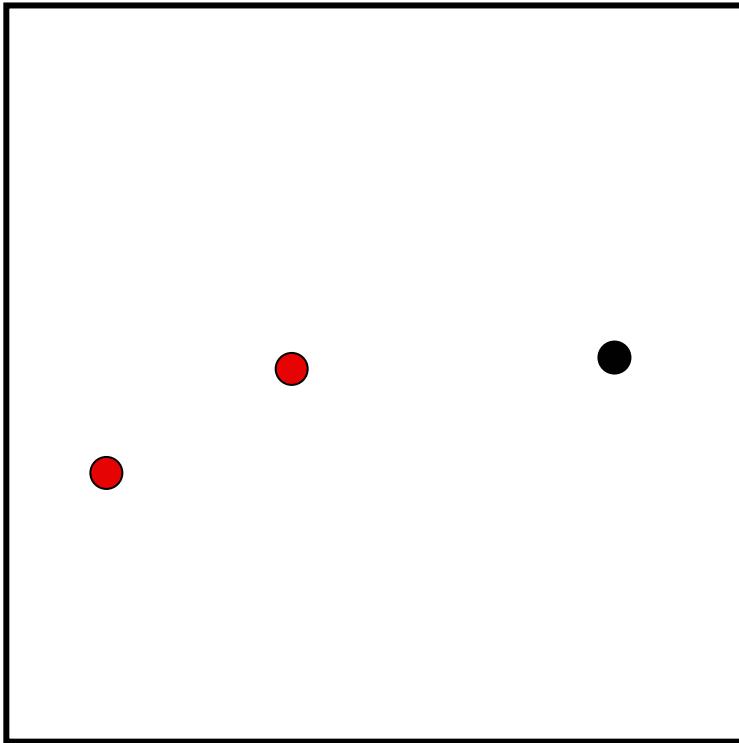
For a number of random input points (x_0, y_0)

For $j=0$ to big number

Pick transformation i

$$(x_{k+1}, y_{k+1}) = f_i (x_k, y_k)$$

Display (x_k, y_k)



Example: Sierpinsky triangle

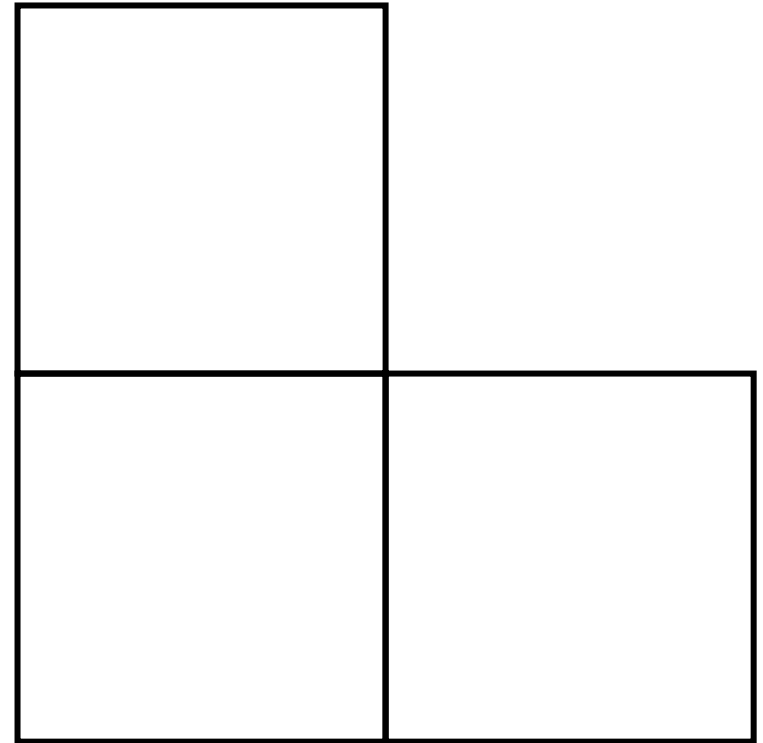
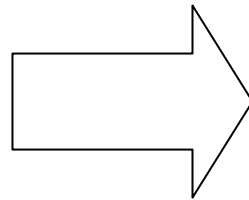
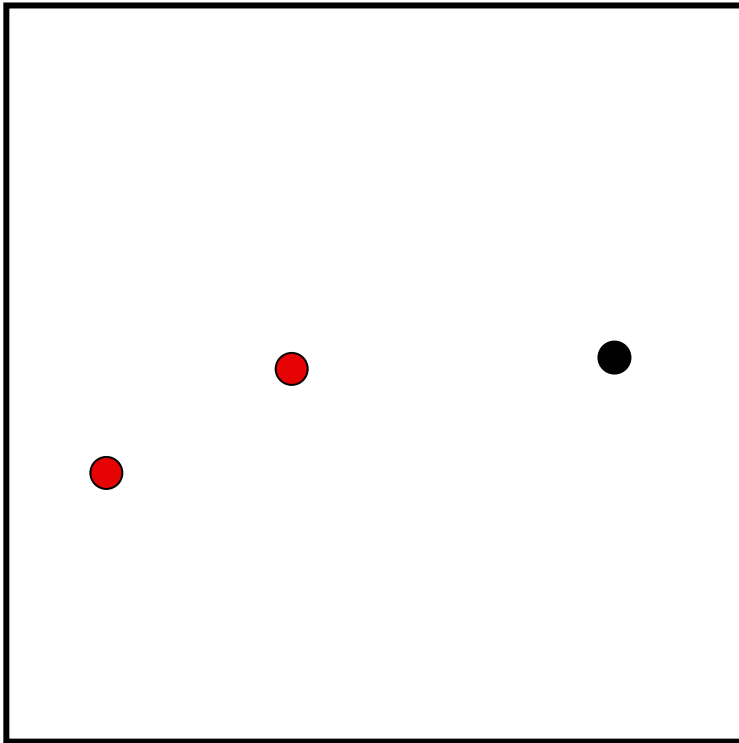
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Example: Sierpinsky triangle

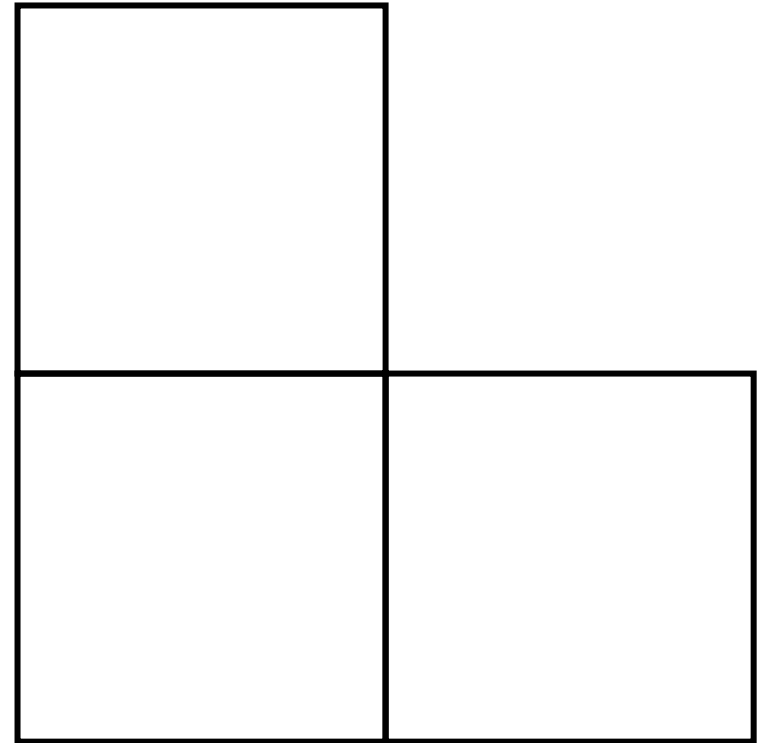
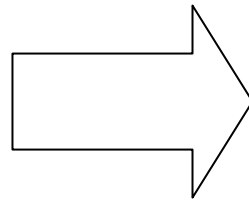
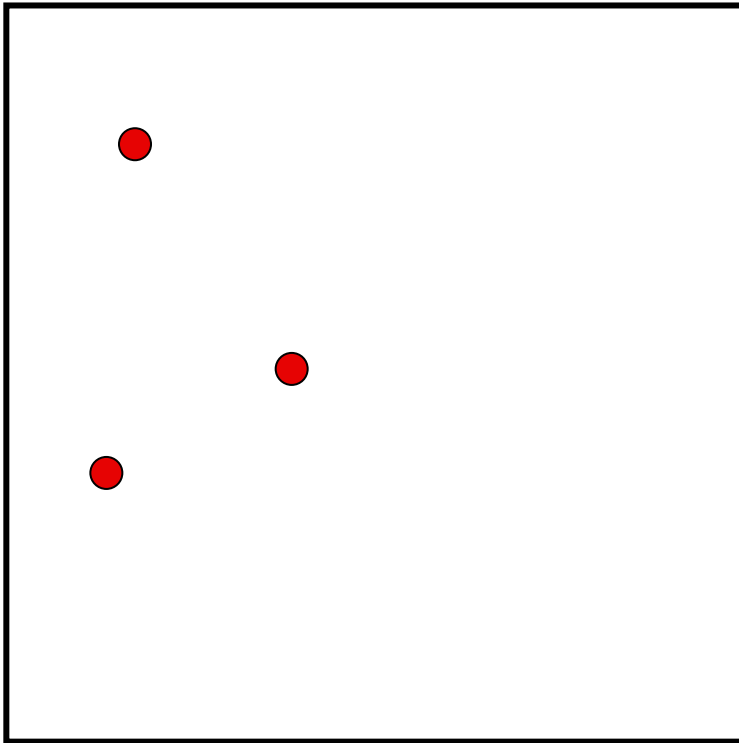
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  Display  $(x_k, y_k)$ 
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Example: Sierpinsky triangle

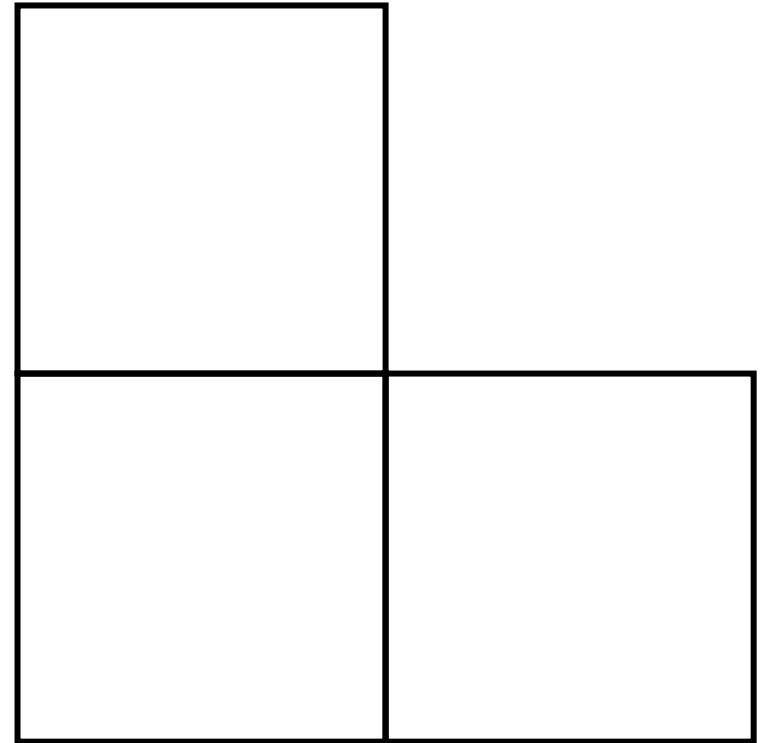
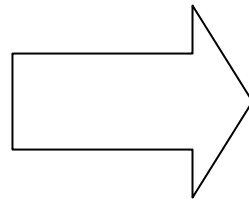
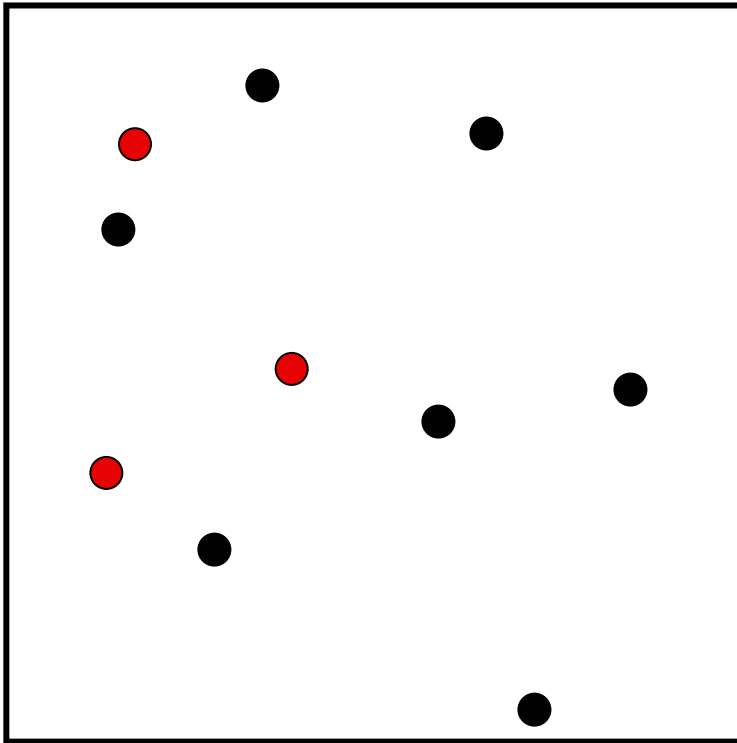
For a number of random input points (x_0, y_0)

For $j=0$ to big number

Pick transformation i

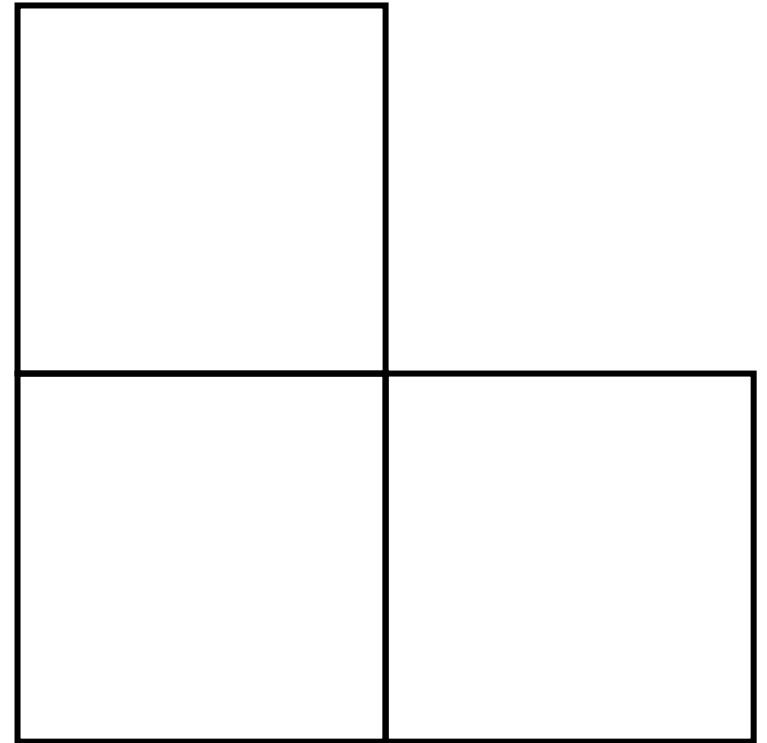
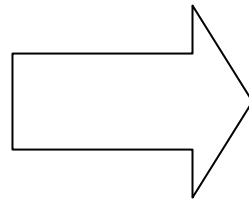
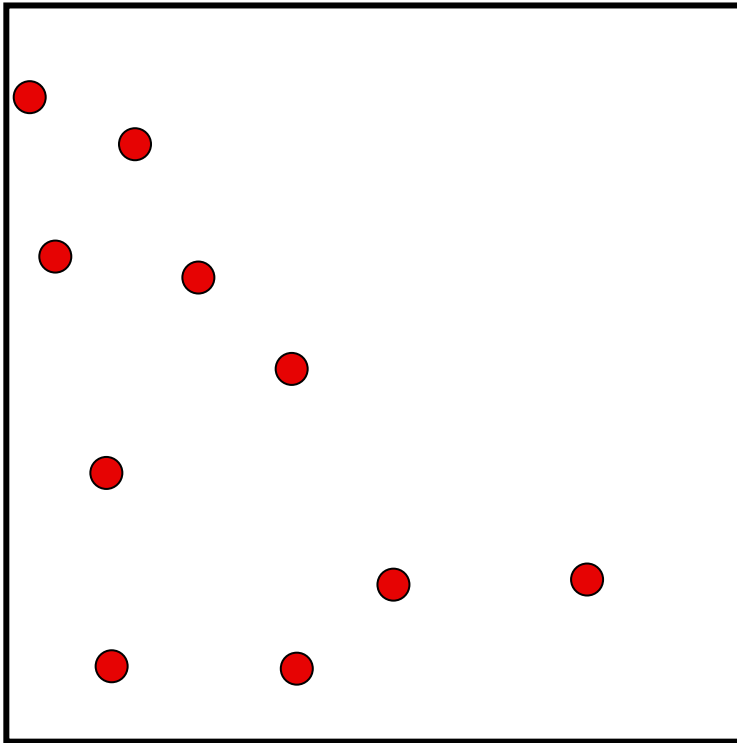
$$(x_{k+1}, y_{k+1}) = f_i (x_k, y_k)$$

Display (x_k, y_k)



Example: Sierpinsky triangle

```
For a number of random input points  $(x_0, y_0)$   
For  $j=0$  to big number  
    Pick transformation  $i$   
     $(x_{k+1}, y_{k+1}) = f_i(x_k, y_k)$   
    Display  $(x_k, y_k)$ 
```



Example: Sierpinsky triangle

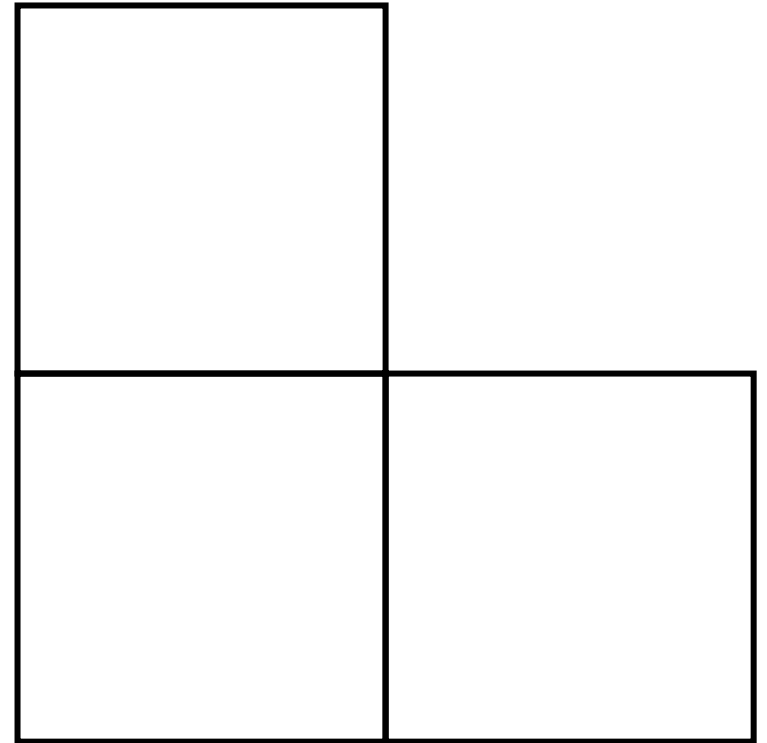
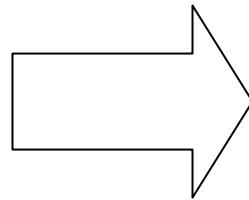
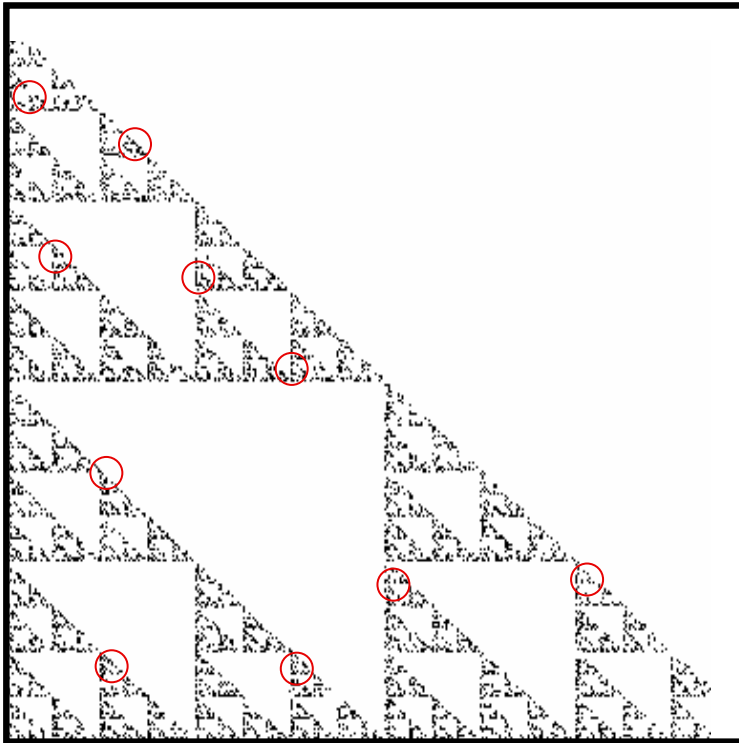
For a number of random input points (x_0, y_0)

For $j=0$ to big number

Pick transformation i

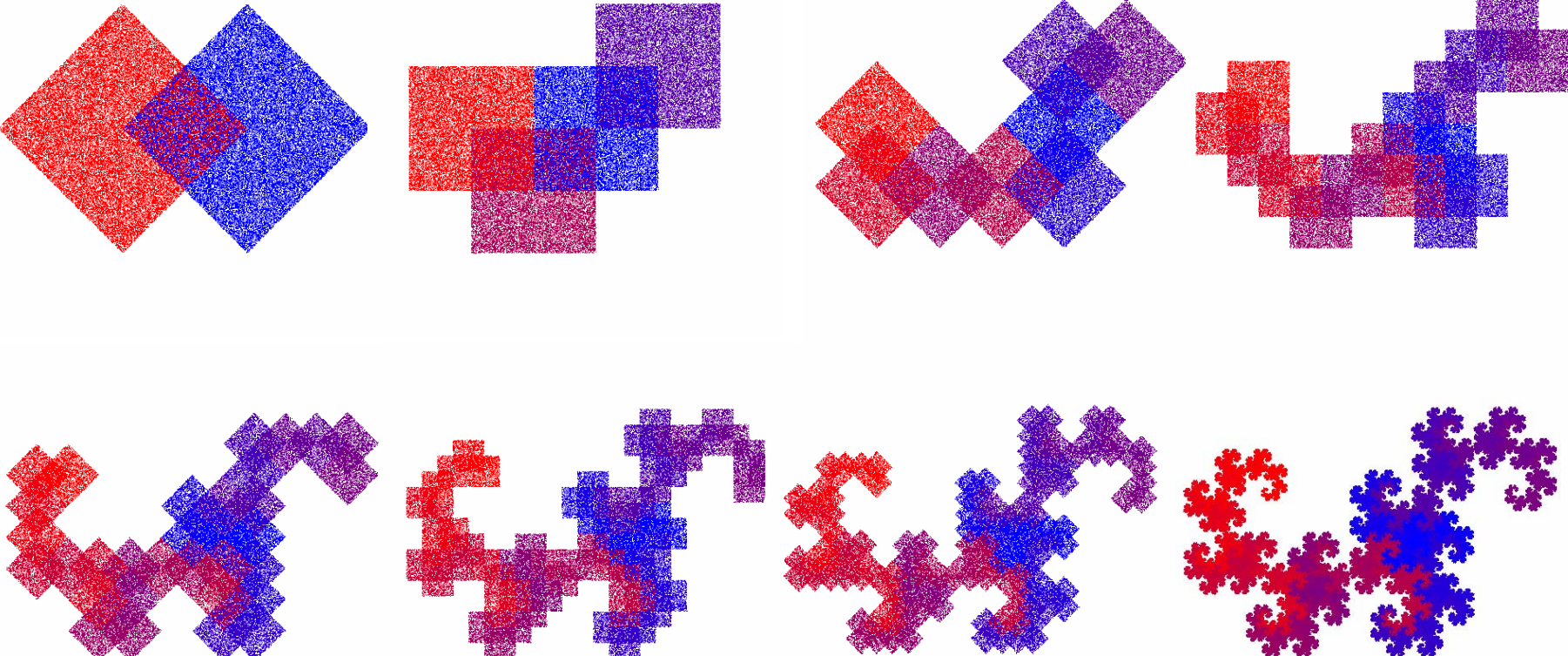
$$(x_{k+1}, y_{k+1}) = f_i (x_k, y_k)$$

Display (x_k, y_k)



Other IFS

- The Dragon



Application: fractal compression

- Exploit the self-similarity in an image
- E.g. http://fractales.inria.fr/index.php?page=img_compression

Assignment: IFS

- Write a C++ IFS class
- Get familiar with
 - vector and matrix library
 - Image library
- Due Wednesday at 11:59pm
- Check on the web page

<http://graphics.lcs.mit.edu/classes/6.837/F03/>

Review/introduction session: C++

- Monday 7:30-9

Questions?
